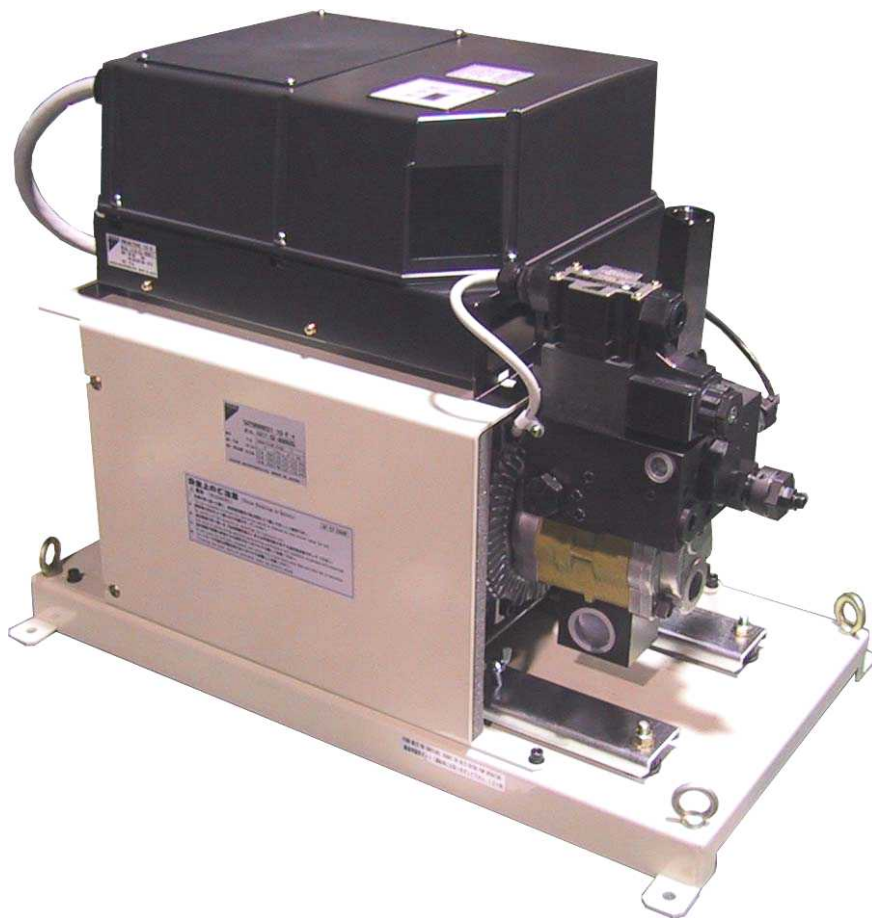


Hybrid Hydraulic System
[Tankless Super Unit]
SUT00D8021-10-F

Operation Manual



DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD.

Oil Hydraulics Division

<Safety Precautions>

■ Before using this product

- Give consideration to make users thoroughly understand the contents of this operation manual.
- Please incorporate the contents of this operation manual in operation manuals for your machine using this product.
- To ensure proper operation of this unit, be sure to read this operation manual and all other attached documents carefully, to have a thorough understanding of the equipment, safety information and all other precautions before installation, operation and maintenance/inspection of this unit.
- Be sure to keep this operation manual, attached documents and delivery specifications in place, so that you can read them whenever required.
- For detailed explanation of the unit, all figures and photographs included in this manual show the unit without covers or safety guards. To operate this unit, be sure to mount the covers and guards in the specified manner, and observe the operating procedures described in this manual.
- The contents of this operation manual are subject to change appropriately for product improvement, specification change or easier operations.

The latest version of this manual is available through DAIKIN Oil Hydraulics Division Internet Service (DHCnet HomePage) ([http:// www.dhcnnet.daikin.co.jp:8100/](http://www.dhcnnet.daikin.co.jp:8100/)).

- This operation manual should be used as a reference that provides safety instructions for DAIKIN Hydraulic Unit. In addition to this manual, please prepare safety references for your machine to ensure safe operations and maintenance in accordance with various standards and norms.

■ Conventions of safety instructions in this manual

- In this manual, safety instructions are classified into three categories: "▲ DANGER", "▲ WARNING" and "▲ CAUTION".

▲ DANGER: Improper handling regardless of this indication causes an urgently hazardous condition that may result in death or serious injury.

▲ WARNING: Improper handling regardless of this indication causes a potentially hazardous condition that may result in death or serious injury.

▲ CAUTION: Improper handling regardless of this indication causes a potentially hazardous condition that may result in medium or minor injury, or property damage.

Even an item indicated as "CAUTION" may result in a serious accident depending on the situation. All instructions given in this manual include important information. Be sure to observe all of them.

■ Safety precautions

◆ General precautions

▲ DANGER

- Transportation, installation, piping, wiring, operations, maintenance and inspections must be conducted by qualified personnel.
- During the above work, wear protective gear required for safe work (work clothes, safety band, helmet, safety shoes, gloves and so on).
- Do not use this unit under conditions other than those specified in the catalog or delivery specifications.

▲ CAUTION

- Be sure to conduct daily inspections (described in this manual or attached documents).
- Do not apply external force to this unit. (Do not step on, or pound on this unit.) Otherwise, you may suffer from injury, or the unit may be damaged.

<Escape Clauses>

- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any damage attributable to a fire, earthquake, third party's action and other accidents, as well as customer's intention, misuse or use under abnormal conditions.
- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any damage incidental to use of this product or impossibility to use this product (loss of business profit, discontinuation of business).
- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any accident or damage attributable to negligence in observing the instructions given in the operation manual or delivery specifications.
- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any damage attributable to malfunction caused by combinations of this unit and external equipment.

<Limitations on Applications>

- If a failure or malfunction of this unit may directly threaten human life, or this unit is used for equipment that may cause injury to the human body, such an application must be considered depending on the case.
- This unit has been manufactured under strict quality control. However, when it is used for important equipment, the equipment must be provided with a safety device to prevent malfunction of this unit from resulting in serious accident or damage.

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[1. Introduction]

Thank you for selecting IPM Motor Drive Hydraulic Unit <Tankless Super Unit>.

Using the oil hydraulic technology and energy-saving IPM motor drive system that DAIKIN originally developed, the IPM Motor Drive Hydraulic Unit <Tankless Super Unit> provides overwhelmingly excellent energy conservation performance and advanced functions.

Before using the SUT Series <Tankless Super Unit>, please read this manual thoroughly, and handle and maintain this unit properly, so that this unit can retain excellent performance for a long period.

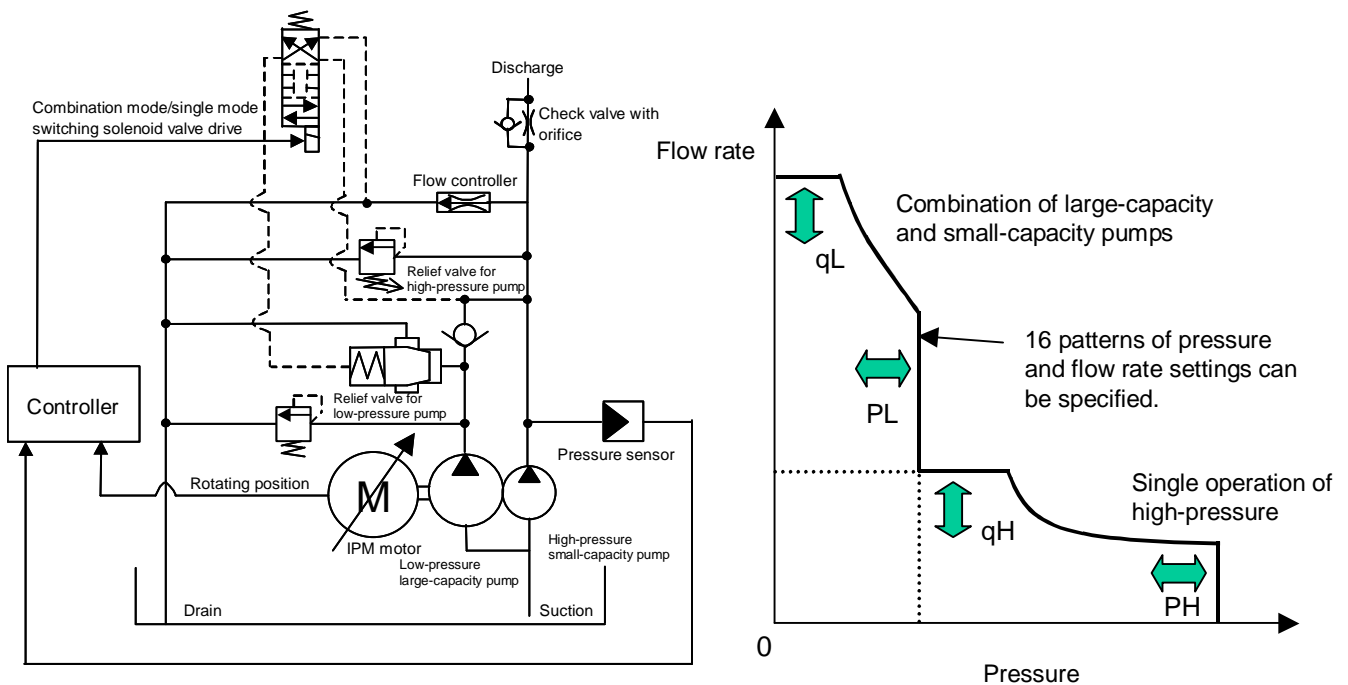
The components of this unit may be modified for the purpose of quality/performance improvement or other reasons. In such a case, some parts of this product may be different from those described in this manual.

[2. Features and Structure]

(1) Energy conservation

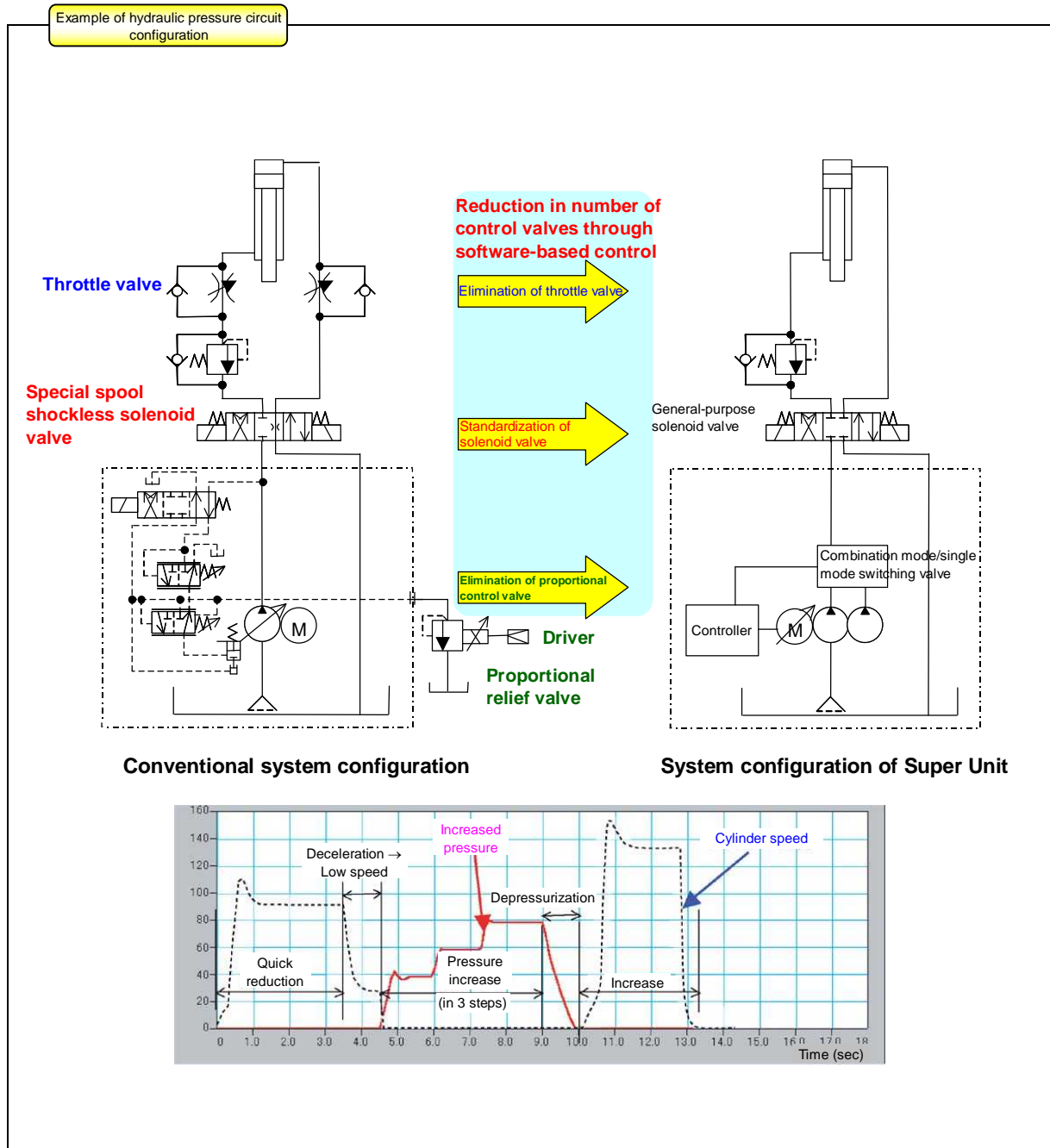
- Since the motor unit uses the highly efficient IPM motor drive system that DAIKIN originally developed, the Super Unit provides extremely high energy efficiency.
- The Super Unit uses the autonomously-switching dual pump system that enables autonomous control of combination mode/single mode switching according to load pressure by using the dual fixed-capacity pumps (small-capacity and large-capacity pumps) and the switching valve.

When a large flow rate is required, the dual fixed-capacity pumps (small-capacity and high-capacity pumps) are operated together at a high rpm. When a large flow rate is not required (during a pressure holding period), only the small-capacity pump is operated at a low rpm. Thus, the Super Unit can remarkably reduce energy consumption.



(2) Multi-stage speed control/Multi-stage pressure control, and shockless control functions

- The Super Unit enables multi-stage pressure control/flow rate control by selecting 16 patterns of P-Q characteristics that have been registered in the controller from the master machine (via a contact input).
- The Super Unit enables shockless control by setting or adjusting the rising/falling time during changeover of P-Q characteristics.
- Since the conventional valve-controlled functions are controlled with the pumps, the Super Unit can simplify the system configuration and reduce the cost for switching between high-speed and low-speed operations and multi-stage pressure control of presses.



[3. Description on Model Identification Code]

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-------|
| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) | | (f) | | (g) | | (h) |
| SUT | 00 | D | 80 | 21 | - | ** | - | F | - | ***** |

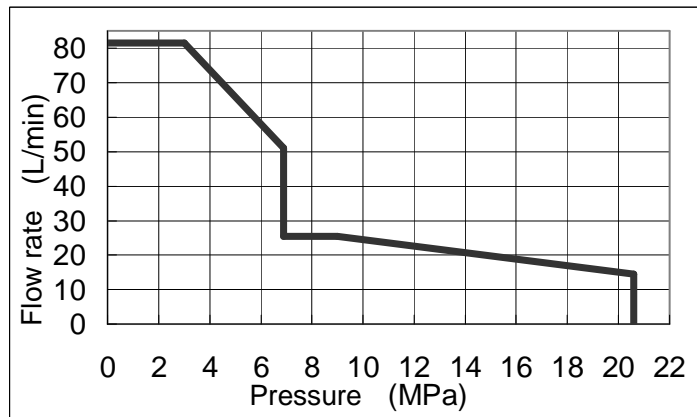
- (a) Series name
 - SUT: SUT series
- (b) Tank capacity
 - 00: Tankless
- (c) Pump type
 - D: Dual gear pump
- (d) Maximum pump discharge rate
 - 80: 83.0 L/min
- (e) Maximum operating pressure
 - 21: 20.6 MPa
- (f) Design No.
 - Advances according to model change.
- (g) Optional function
 - F: Noise filter is used.
- (h) Non-standard control No.

MFG. No

| | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|---|----------|
| (i) | (j) | (k) | | (l) |
| * | * | ** | - | **_***** |

- (i) Design No.
- (j) Hardware revision history
- (k) Software revision history
- (l) Serial No.

<Output characteristic>



[4. Specifications and Operating Conditions]

■ Major specifications

| | | | SUT00D8021 |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Maximum operating pressure | | (MPa) | 20.6 |
| Maximum discharge rate ^(Note 1) | | (L/min) | 83.0 |
| Operating pressure adjusting range | Low-pressure (combination) mode | (MPa) | 1.5 to 7.0 |
| | High-pressure (single) mode | | 1.5 to 20.6 |
| Operating discharge rate adjusting range ^(Note 1) | Low-pressure (combination) mode | (L/min) | 11.6 to 83.0 |
| | High-pressure (single) mode | | 4.1 to 30.0 |
| Power supply ^(Note 2) | | 3φ 200 V/50 Hz, 200 V/60 Hz, 220 V/60 Hz | |
| External input signal | | (5ch) | Photo-coupler insulation, 24 VDC (27 VDC max.) 5 mA/ch |
| External output signal | Contact output | (1ch) | Relay output Contact capacity: 30 VDC, 0.5 A (Resistance load) 1c contact |
| | Digital output | (2ch) | Photo-coupler insulation, open-collector output, 24 VDC, 50 mA max./ch |
| Standard paint color | | DAIKIN white (Munsell code 5Y7.5/1) | |

- (Note 1)
- Before shipment from the factory, the unit has been set to the maximum discharge rate. (Low-pressure (combination) mode flow rate setting)
(The maximum discharge rate is a theoretical value, not a guaranteed value.)
 - For details on the factory settings, see the initial values given in the setting range table on p. 36. For other specifications, see the **delivery specification drawing (model drawing)**.
 - The maximum pressure and flow rate can be set higher than the above adjustment range. However, during normal operation, make sure that the pressure and flow rate settings are within the ranges specified above.
 - This hydraulic unit incorporates a high-pressure safety valve, which has been set to work at the maximum operating pressure + 1.0 MPa.
 - However, if the surge pressure during actuator operation must be minimized, adjust the pressure setting according to "Attachment: High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure" on p. 45.
- (Note 2)
- Power supply voltage fluctuation tolerance range is $\pm 10\%$. Even if the power supply voltage fluctuations are within the tolerance range, when the power supply voltage fluctuates in the positive direction, the regenerative overload (alarm stop) may occur in response, depending on the master machine operating conditions and load conditions.

■ Operating conditions

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hydraulic oil ^(Note 3) | Dedicated mineral hydraulic oil / Wear-resistant hydraulic oil (For recommended brands, see DAIKIN "Hydraulic Equipment General Catalog (HK196)".) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Viscosity grade: ISO VG 32 to 68 • Viscosity range: 15 to 400 mm²/s • Pollution level: NAS Class 9 or lower level |
| Tank oil temperature | 0 to 60°C (Recommended operating temperature range: 15 to 50°C) ^(Note 4) |
| Operating ambient temperature | 0 to 35°C |
| Storing ambient temperature | -20 to 60°C |
| Humidity | 80% RH or less (No condensation) |
| Installation place | Indoor (Be sure to fasten the unit with bolts.) |
| Others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be sure to mount a no-fuse breaker and earth leakage breaker. • Make sure that the electric wiring conforms to European Norm EN60204-1. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you frequently turn ON/OFF the power supply for this unit, the controller service life will be remarkably deteriorated. If you intend to start and stop the unit frequently, use the control stop function of this unit. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be sure to connect the ground terminal. |

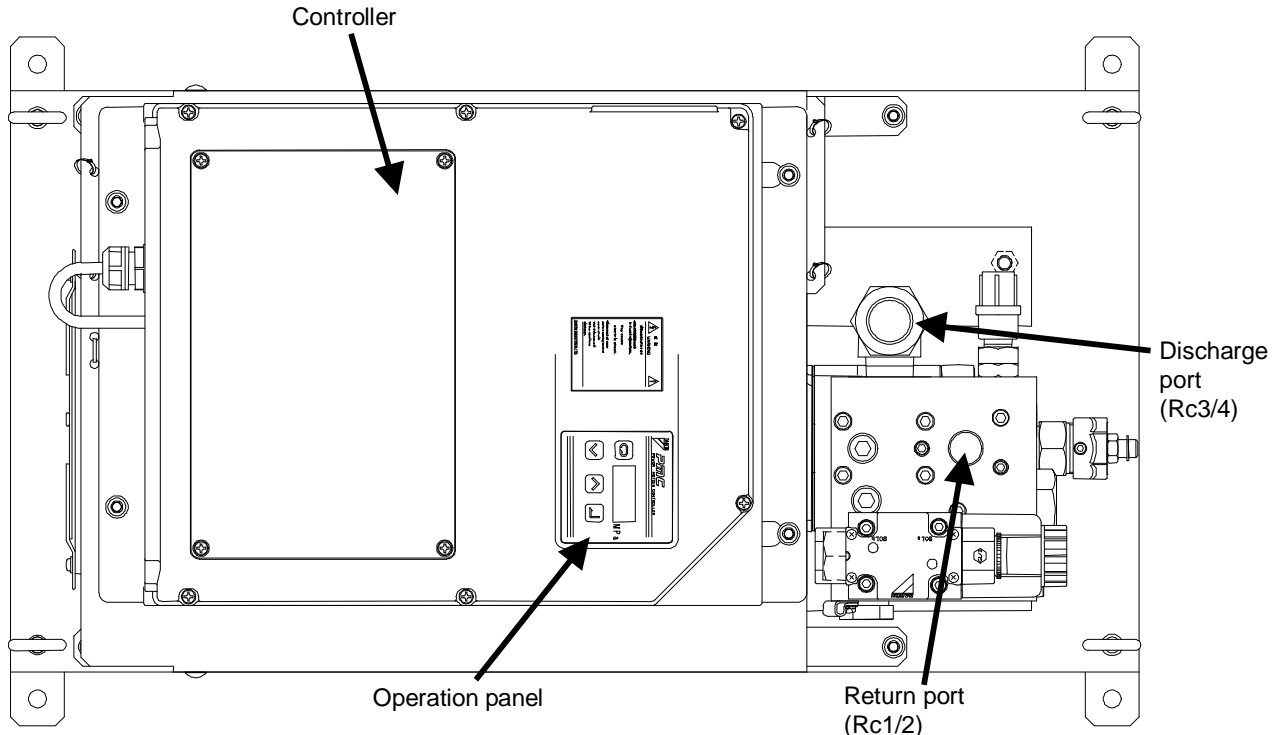
^(Note 3) • This unit can use only mineral hydraulic oil. (Water-containing or synthetic oil such as water-glycol cannot be used.)

^(Note 4) • When the tank oil temperature exceeds the recommended operating temperature range, pressure pulsation may be increased, or the discharge rate may be decreased. However, such phenomena do not indicate abnormality.

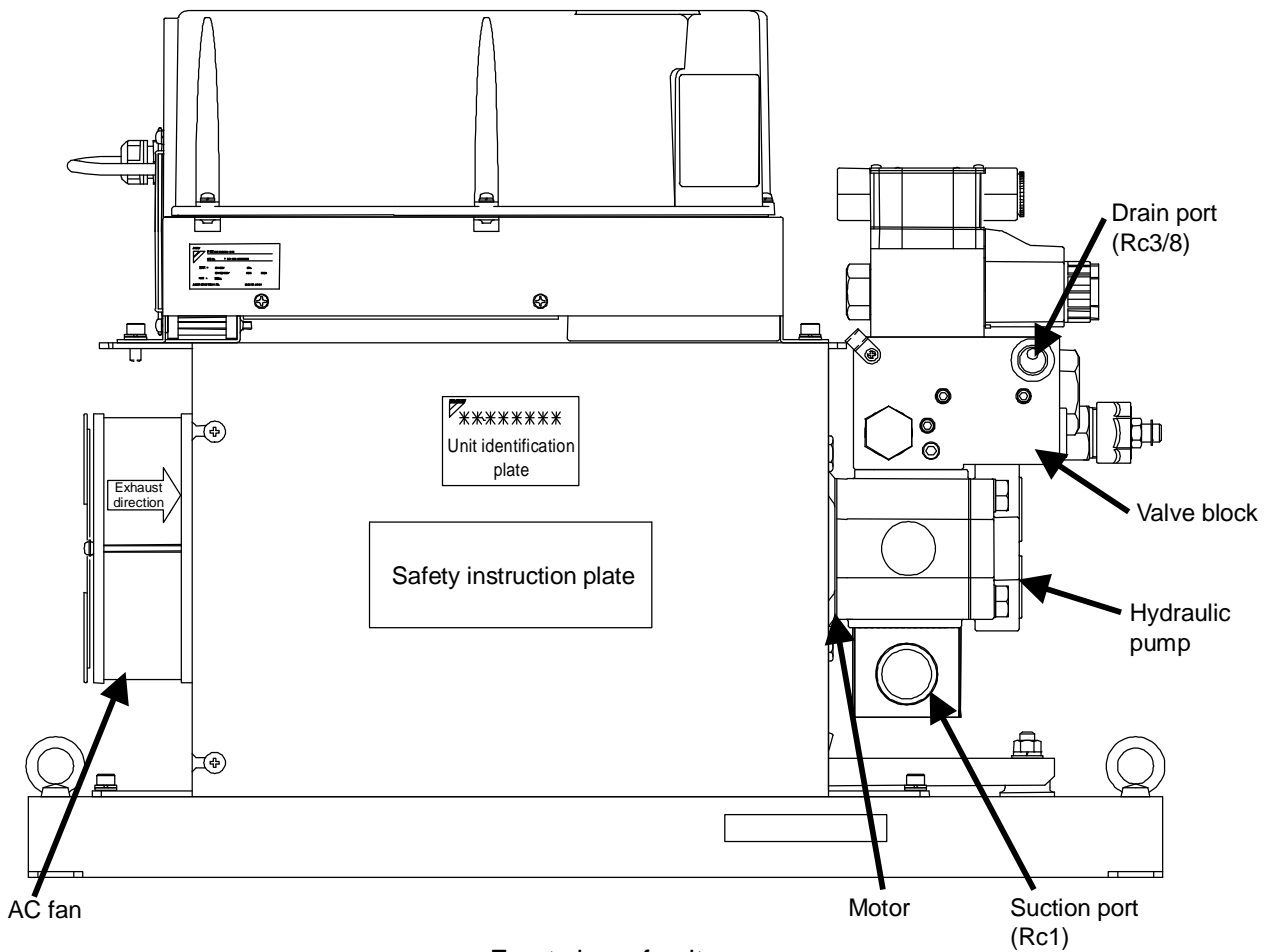
[5. Precautions for Use]

- (1) To provide excellent energy-saving performance, this hydraulic unit provides the solenoid valve that switches the dual pump operation between the combination mode and the single mode. If the machine operating point is close to the solenoid valve switching point, the pump operation may become unstable. In this case, it is necessary to change the flow rate setting or pressure setting. Furthermore, since a dead zone is provided around the solenoid valve switching point, the operating point may overlap with the switching point, causing unstable operation. In this case, adjusting the dead zone width can stabilize the operation.
- (2) The motor pump of this hydraulic unit is mounted via vibration suppressing rubber that prevents motor pump vibration from being conveyed to the unit.
The pump should be connected to the unit with a hose.
- (3) This hydraulic unit is equipped with a fan motor to cool the hydraulic oil and the motor.
To ensure spaces for air intake and exhaust, do not place an obstacle at 10 cm or shorter distance from the fan motor air intake and exhaust planes.
- (4) This hydraulic unit incorporates a check valve that provides an orifice in the discharge line. If high response is required for machine pressure release or other purpose, the machine must be provided with an additional pressure release circuit.
If the load volume is large, you may hear a fluid flow sound from this orifice when the unit is stopped. However, this phenomenon does not indicate abnormality.
- (5) This hydraulic unit is equipped with a safety valve.
This safety valve has been set to a specified pressure before shipment. However, the set pressure of the safety valve may decrease while the machine is repeatedly used for a long period, or due to contaminants in the hydraulic oil.
If this unit is continuously used with the safety valve activated, it may output an alarm due to a temperature rise and so on.
In this case, readjust the safety valve pressure setting according to "Attachment: High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure" on p. 45.
For protection of peripheral equipment (actuator, pressure gauge, etc.) of the master machine, it is recommended that the safety valve pressure setting should be "Unit pressure setting + 1.0 MPa" in order to suppress surge pressure.

[6. Names of Unit Components]



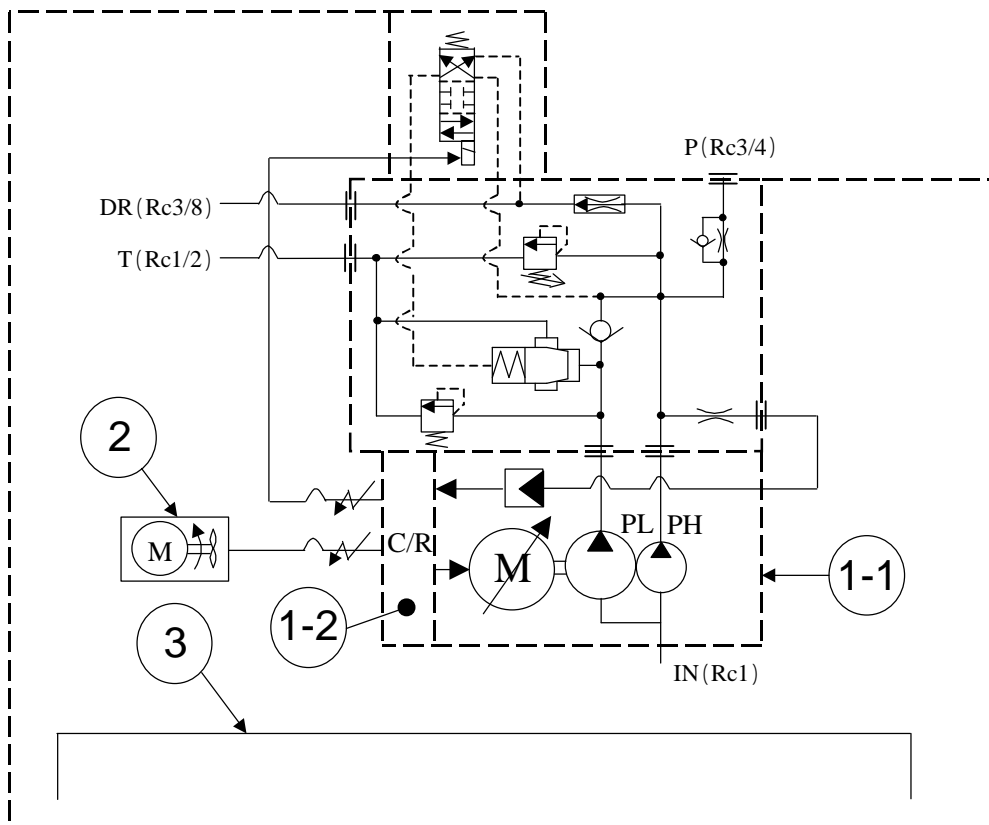
<Top view of unit>



<Front view of unit>

[7. Hydraulic Circuit]

■ Hydraulic circuit diagram



■ Components

| Part No. | Name |
|----------|---------------------|
| 1-1 | Inverter drive pump |
| 1-2 | Controller |
| 2 | AC fan |
| 3 | Base |

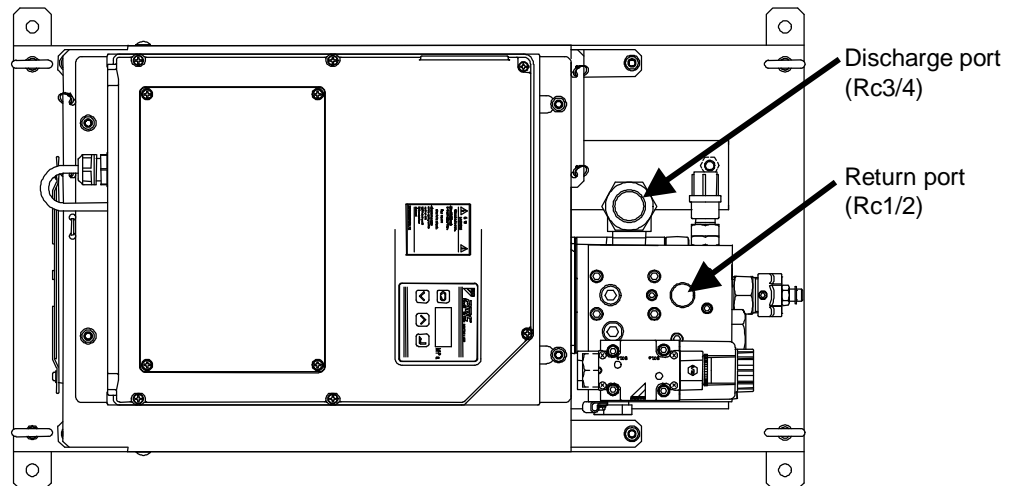
■ Piping

This hydraulic unit is equipped with one drain port (Rc3/8), one discharge port (Rc3/4) and one suction port (G3/4 O-ring boss). During operation, be sure to connect pipes with these ports.

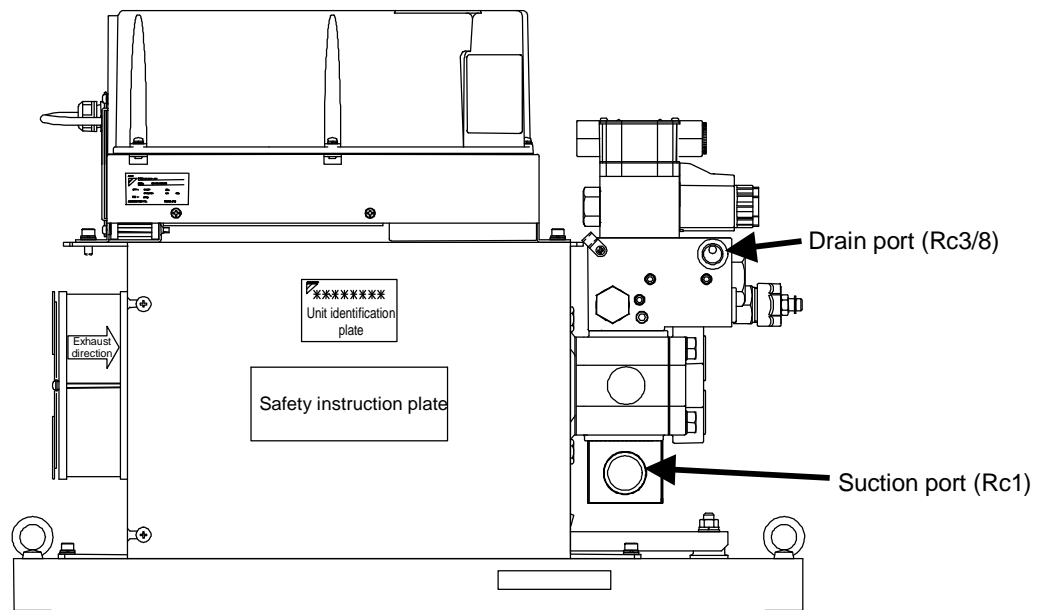
Before shipment, all these piping ports have been covered with a tapered cap (vinyl cap) or a plug with O-ring.

Tie the pipes by winding sealing tape.

Attach a filter to the piping of the suction port.



<Top view of valve block>



<Front view of valve block>

▲ CAUTION

- This hydraulic unit incorporates a check valve. If an additional inline check valve is mounted to the discharge port, resonance occurs, which may have bad influence on the master machine. **Therefore, do not use an inline check valve.**
- Make sure that the suction pressure is -16.7 kPa or less. If the suction pressure exceeds -16.7 kPa, the hydraulic unit may generate large noise.

[8. Precautions for Operation, Transportation and Installation]

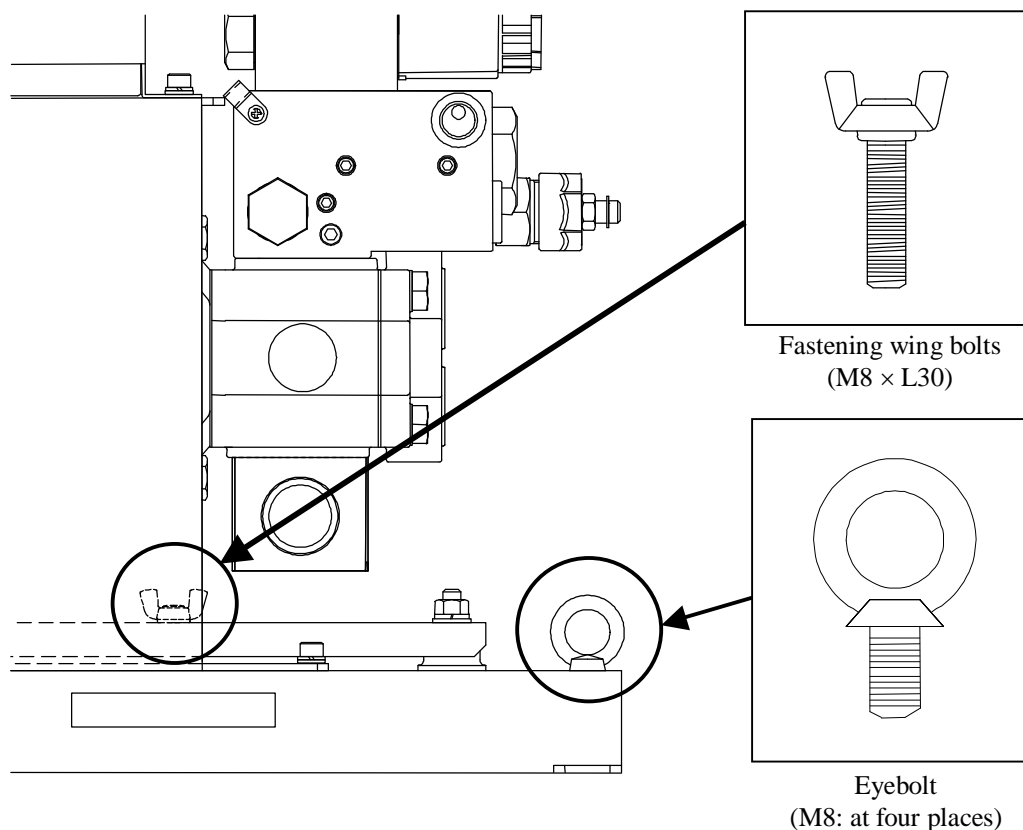
- In order to suppress vibration and noise, vibration suppressing rubber is attached to each mounting leg. Before shipment, it is fastened with wing bolts (**M8 × L30: at two places**) in order to suppress transport vibration.

■ Precautions for operation

- Before operation, remove the fastening wing bolts (**M8 × L30: at two places**). Operating the unit without removing the wing bolts may increase vibration and noise.

■ Precautions for transportation

- During transportation, be sure to mount the motor base to the base with the wing bolts (**M8 × L30: at two places**) to fasten it securely in order to protect the vibration suppressing rubber. (See the figure below)
- During transportation of the hydraulic unit, be sure to sling it with the eyebolts (M8: at four places).

**▲ DANGER**

- If the hydraulic unit is lifted by any parts (e.g. pump pipes) other than the eyebolts, the unit may fall or turn over.
- Check the weight of the hydraulic unit, and make sure that it does not exceed the rated load capacity of each lifting sling.

▲ WARNING

- During transportation, make sure that the unit can be evenly lifted by the eyebolts at four places.
- During transportation using lifting slings, never come close to the unit. If the unit falls or turns over, you may suffer from injury.

▲ CAUTION

- During transportation, hold the hydraulic unit securely so that it will not be moved by vibration or external force.

<Weight table>

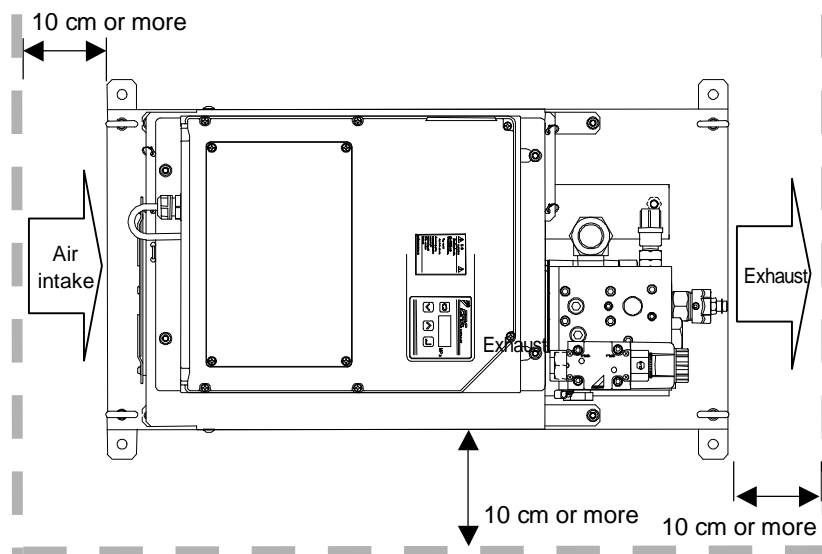
| | |
|--------|------------|
| Model | SUT00D8021 |
| Weight | 72 kg |

■ Precautions for installation

◆ Securing air intake/exhaust space

Do not place an obstacle that blocks air intake or air exhaust of the AC fan **within 10 cm** from the unit end surface.

Install the unit in a well-ventilated place to prevent the area around the unit from being stuffed with hot air. Make sure that the intake air temperature does not exceed the specified ambient temperature range (**35°C or lower temperature**).



▲ WARNING

- If the hydraulic unit is used in a place without an air intake/exhaust space, or a place stuffed with hot air, the AC fan's heat exchanging function will deteriorate, causing the hydraulic oil and equipment to become extremely hot.
- If you accidentally touch the hot parts, you may get burns.

▲ CAUTION

- If the hydraulic unit is used in a place without an air intake/exhaust space, or where hot air is stuffed around the unit, the motor and controller become hot, causing the equipment service life to be remarkably shortened.
- When the motor or controller becomes hot, the temperature protection function is activated to stop operation.
(When the motor or controller becomes extremely hot, the alarm/warning signal will be output.)
- If the hydraulic unit is continuously used at a high temperature, the hydraulic equipment (pump, valves, etc.) will have defects or shortened service life, as well as the electric components described above.
- Using the hydraulic unit at a high temperature accelerates deterioration of the hydraulic oil, resulting in shortened service life.

◆ Fastening onto a level plane

- Install the hydraulic unit on a level base or level floor.
- Fasten the hydraulic unit securely so that it will not shake.
- For the hydraulic unit mounting method and position, see the delivery specifications (model drawing).

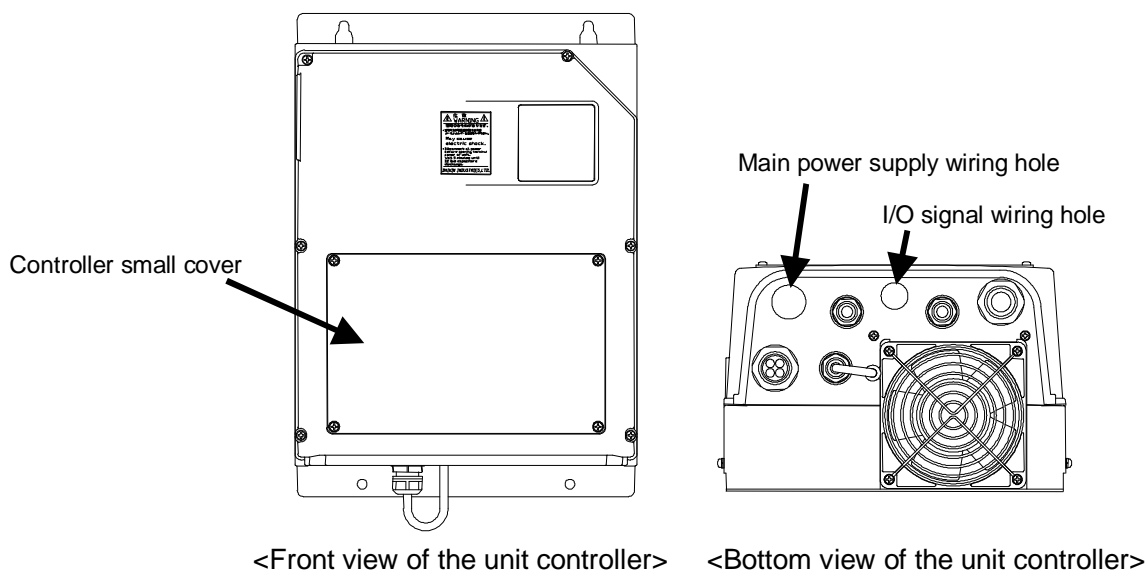
▲ WARNING

- Unless the hydraulic unit is fastened with bolts, it may be turned over or moved by reaction force under the oil pressure in the pipe.

[9. Preparations for Operation]

■ Electric wiring

- This hydraulic unit needs connections of a main power cable and I/O signal cables as required. (For recommended cables, see the table below.)
- Connect the main power cable and I/O signal cables through the specified wiring holes.
- In order to protect the electric circuit against short-circuiting and overcurrent and prevent electric shocks, the hydraulic unit main power supply must be equipped with a safety device (no-fuse breaker, earth leakage breaker, etc.) conforming to European Norm **EN60947-2**. (For the capacity of each device, see the table below.)
- For the power supply connection device, use a switch that provides 3 mm or longer contact distance for three electrodes in the OFF status.



| Item | Cable size | Recommended cable | Recommended crimp terminal | Recommended cable clamp |
|--------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Power supply cable | 6.0 mm ² or more (AWG10 or larger size) | CE362 6.0 mm ² × 4 cores (manufactured by KURAMO) | RBP5. 5-5 (manufactured by NICHIFU) | OA-W2219 (manufactured by OHM ELECTRIC) |

| Item | Cable size compatible with the terminal block | Recommended cable | Recommended cable clamp |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| I/O signal cable | 0.3 - 1.0 mm ² (AWG22 - 16) | KCV-36SB 0.3 - 0.5 mm ² (manufactured by KURAMO) | OA-W1611 (manufactured by OHM ELECTRIC) Applicable cable outer diameter: φ9 - φ11 |

[Rated current and breaker setting]

| Model | Power supply voltage and frequency | | | Breaker setting |
|------------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | 3φ 200 V 50 Hz | 3φ 200 V 60 Hz | 3φ 220 V 60 Hz | |
| SUT00D8021 | 25.5 | 24.8 | 22.7 | 50A |

▲ DANGER

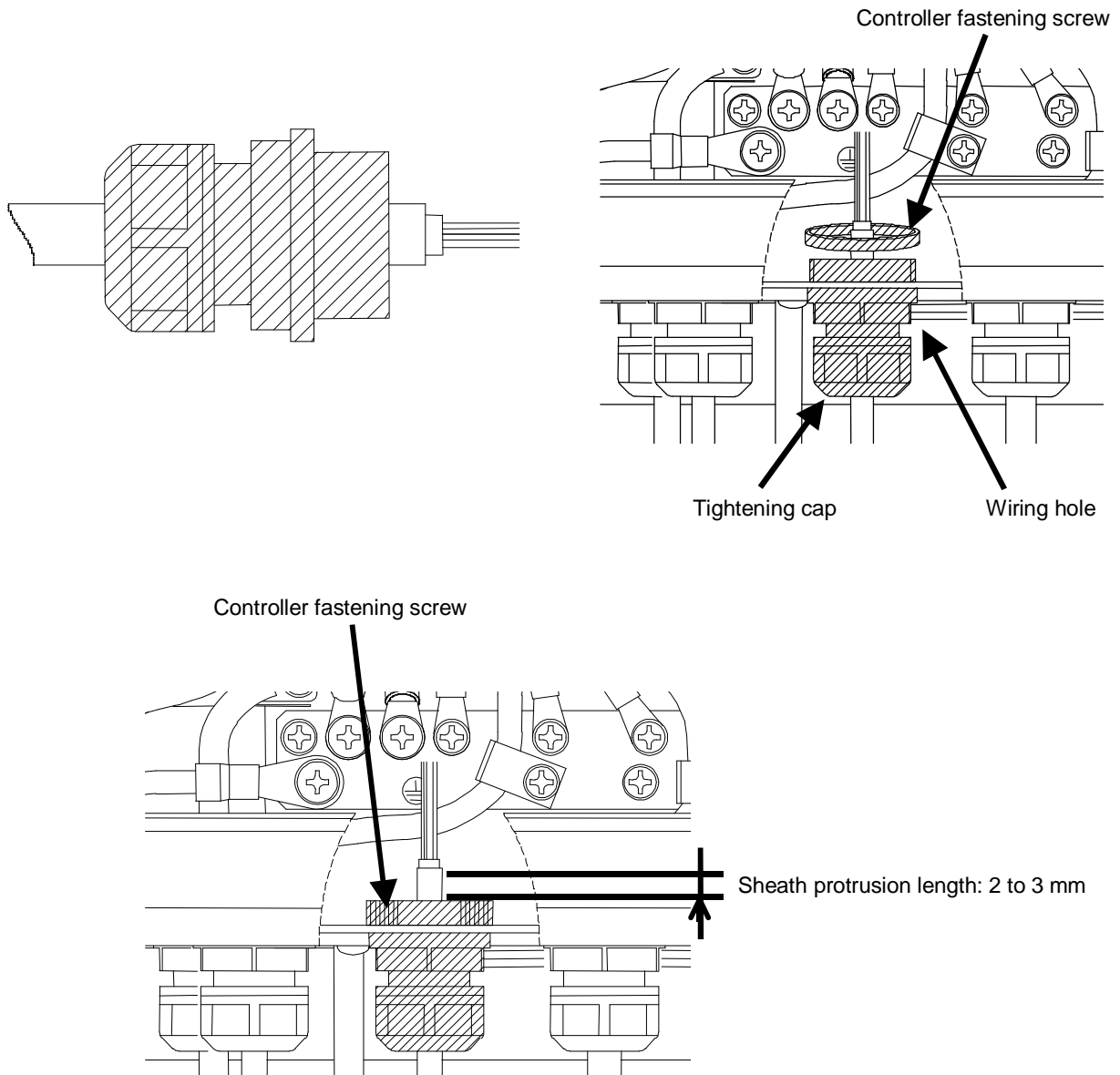
- For connection of the ground terminal, **ensure Class D (former Class 3) or higher grounding condition. (Connect the ground terminal directly without using a breaker.)**
- Be sure to complete installation of the hydraulic unit before connecting the cables.
- Before connecting the cables, be sure to turn OFF the main power supply breaker, and make sure that the power is interrupted.
- Be sure not to connect the power supply cable to the I/O signal terminals.
- Do not apply an excessive power supply voltage higher than the power supply rating of the hydraulic unit.

▲ CAUTION

- The hydraulic unit incorporates an overcurrent protection function. Therefore, it does not need an overcurrent protection thermal relay. If a thermal relay is used, the hydraulic unit may malfunction due to influence of inverter switching.

<How to use the cable clamp>

1. Loosen the tightening cap, and pass the cable through the clamp. Before this step, remove the controller fastening screw in advance.
2. Insert the cable into the controller through the controller's wiring hole.
3. Tighten the controller fastening screw to fasten the cable clamp to the controller.
4. Tighten the tightening cap to fasten the cable. The cable sheath protrusion length should be approx. 2 to 3 mm.

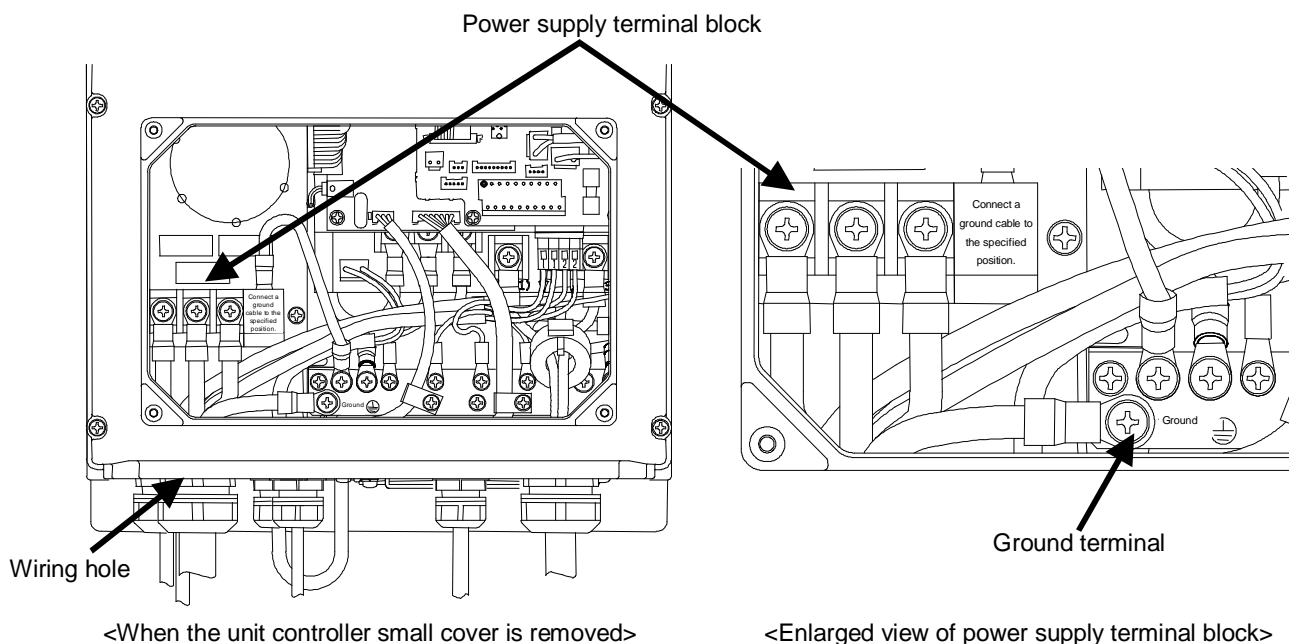


◆ Wiring procedure

To connect the main power supply and I/O signal cables, remove the small cover of the controller. Remove the controller small cover by loosening the cross recessed head machine screws (four M4 screws, Tightening torque: 1.0 N·m).

● Connecting the main power supply cable

- (1) Connect the main power supply cable to the controller through the controller's wiring hole. Use a cable clamp suitable for the wiring hole, whose protection rating should be **IP54 or higher level**. (Wiring hole diameter: $\phi 28$ mm)
 - [1] Connect the ground cable to the controller's ground terminal.
 - [2] Connect the power supply cable to individual terminals on the power supply terminal block.
 (Tightening torque: 2.4 N·m)



▲ DANGER

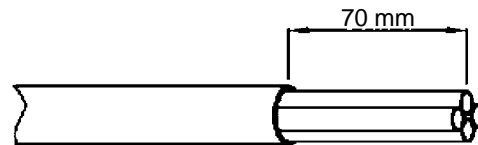
- Use an AC power supply conforming to the power supply specifications of this product.
- Use a power supply cable conforming to the power supply capacity.
- Do not connect the power supply cable to the ground terminal.
- The ground terminal is connected with the motor frame. **Ensure Class D (former Class 3) or higher grounding condition.**
- When unsheathing the cable, be careful not to damage the conductors.
- Be careful that the cable conductors do not protrude from the terminal block.

▲ CAUTION

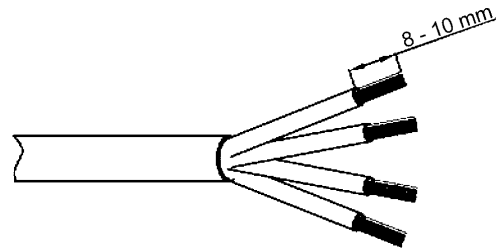
- For connection of the power supply cable, attach a crimp terminal to the tip of the cable.
- The cable inserted into the cable clamp should be a multi-core cable as those recommended below. If two or more cables are inserted into the clamp, the cable clamp does not conform to the specified protection rating because of a gap between the cables and the cable clamp.
- When connecting the cable, be careful not to drop a screw into the housing.

<Power supply cable connecting procedure>

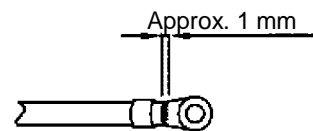
- [1] Strip the cable by approx. 70 mm.



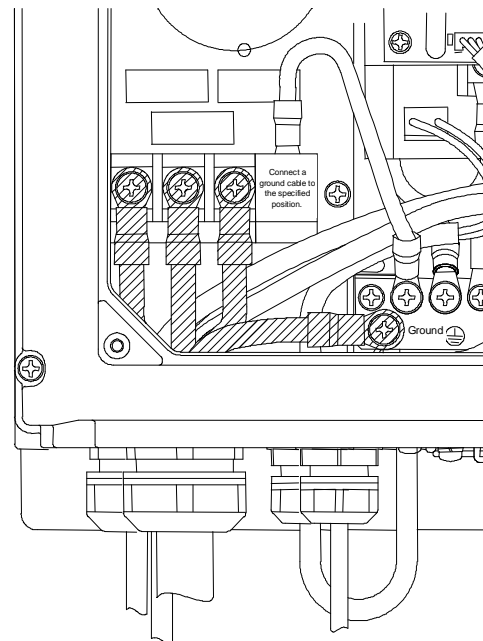
- [2] Remove the inner sheath so that the core wires are exposed by 8 to 10 mm.



- [3] As shown on the right, crimp the round crimp terminal with insulation sheath by using a dedicated tool.



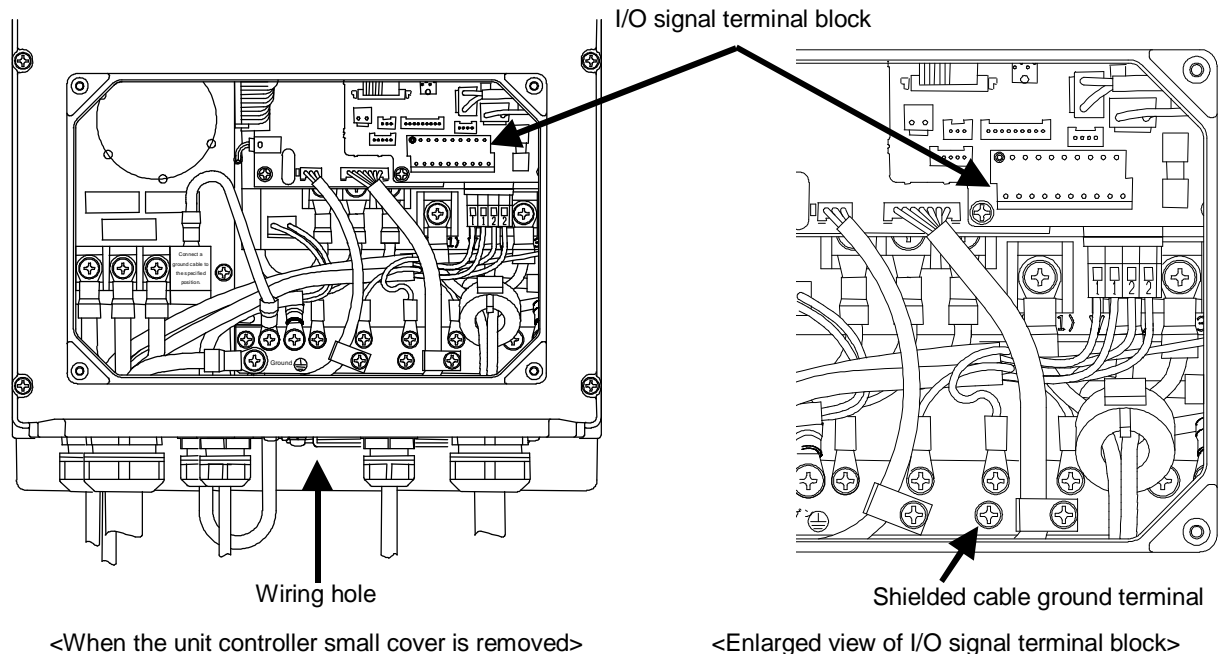
- [4] After looping each cable connect it to the terminal block.

**▲ CAUTION**

- If the crimp tool is not suitable for the crimp terminal, the cable will come off the terminal due to a crimp failure during operation. This results in short-circuiting or burnout of the circuit caused by abnormal heating.

● Connecting the I/O signal cable

- (1) Connect the main power supply cable to the controller through the controller's wiring hole. Use a cable clamp suitable for the wiring hole, which should provide **IP54 or higher protection rating**.
(Wiring hole diameter: $\phi 22$ mm)
- (2) Check the specifications of individual signal lines (see p. 24), and connect the cable to the I/O signal terminal block.

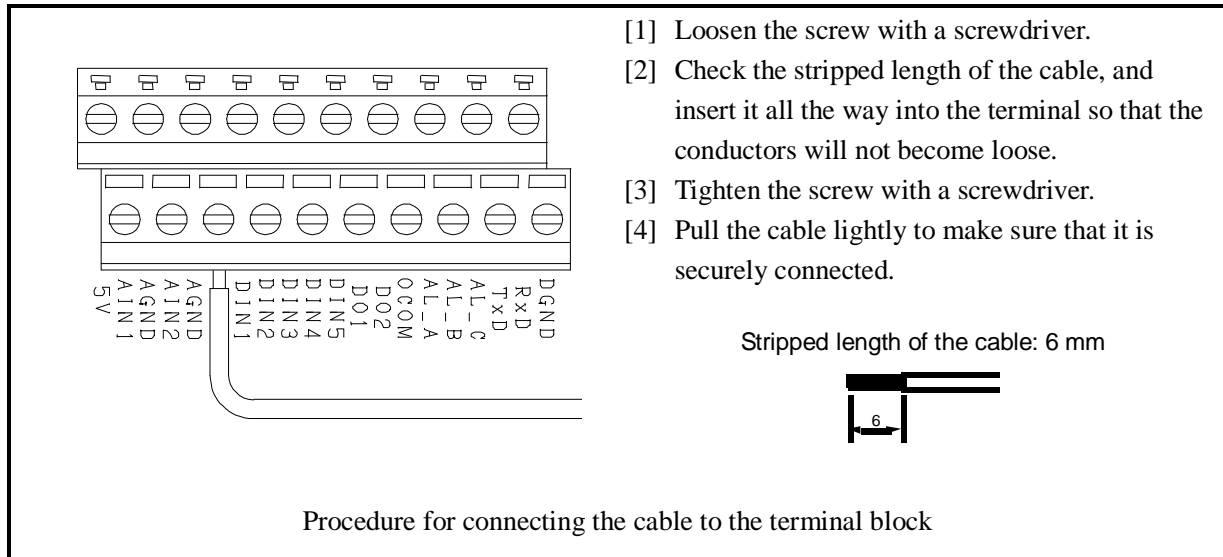


▲ DANGER

- Do not connect the I/O signal cable to the power supply terminal block.
- When stripping the cable, be careful not to damage the conductors.
- Be careful that the cable conductors do not protrude from the terminal block.

▲ CAUTION

- After checking the specifications of individual signal lines (see p. 24), connect the cable to the I/O signal terminal block.
- The cable inserted into the cable clamp should be a multi-core cable as those recommended below. If two or more cables are inserted into the clamp, the cable clamp does not conform to the specified protection rating because of a gap between the cables and the cable clamp.
- Terminate the shielded cable securely, and connect it to the shielded cable connection terminal.
- If noise cannot be eliminated by connecting the shielded cable to the ground terminal, the user's equipment should be directly grounded. (Disconnect the ground cable of this unit.)



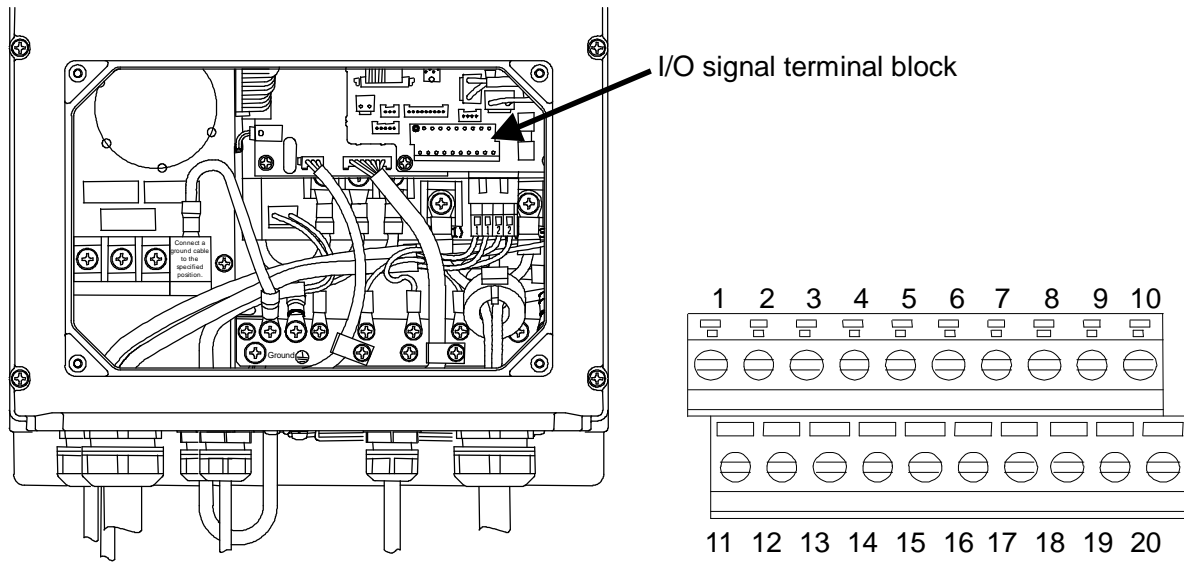
■ I/O signal cable specifications

Specifications of the external interface I/O signal cables are listed below.

For detailed specifications of each signal cable, refer to the following pages.

| Terminal No. | Type | Name | Function of terminal | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| I/O signal terminal block | 1 | No connection | | These terminals are not open to users. Do not use these terminals. | |
| | 11 | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | |
| | 12 | | | | |
| | 3 | | | | |
| | 13 | Digital I/O terminal | ICOM | Digital input common | Both positive common and negative common are allowable. |
| | 4 | | DIN1 | Digital input 1 | Used for start/stop control. Operation at the signal input can be changed by the start/stop signal switching command in the setting mode. |
| | 14 | | DIN2 | Digital input 2 | P-Q selection patterns (0 to 15) can be changed depending on the combination of input signals. |
| | 5 | | DIN3 | Digital input 3 | |
| | 15 | | DIN4 | Digital input 4 | |
| | 6 | | DIN5 | Digital input 5 | |
| | 16 | Digital/contact output terminal | DO1 | Digital output 1 | See the table below. Before shipment, these terminals have been set for "total alarm output". |
| | 7 | | DO2 | Digital output 2 | |
| | 17 | | OCOM | Digital output common | |
| | 8 | | AL_A | Contact output a | |
| | 18 | | AL_B | Contact output b | |
| | 9 | AL_C | Contact output common | | |
| | 19 | No connection | | | These terminals are not open to users. Do not use these terminals. |
| | 10 | | | | |
| | 20 | | | | |

| Name | Setting for total alarm output (P08 = 1) | Setting for individual alarm output (P08=0) |
|------|---|---|
| D01 | Outputs the completion signal. | |
| D02 | No output | Outputs alarm or warning status. |
| OCOM | Negative common | |
| AL_A | When the pressure switch, alarm or warning status is normal, this terminal is connected with the common terminal. | When the pressure switch status is normal, this terminal is connected with the common terminal. |
| AL_B | When the pressure switch, alarm or warning status is normal, this terminal is connected with the common terminal. | When the pressure switch status is abnormal, this terminal is connected with the common terminal. |
| AL_C | Common | |



<When the unit controller small cover is removed>

<I/O signal terminal block>

◆ Digital input

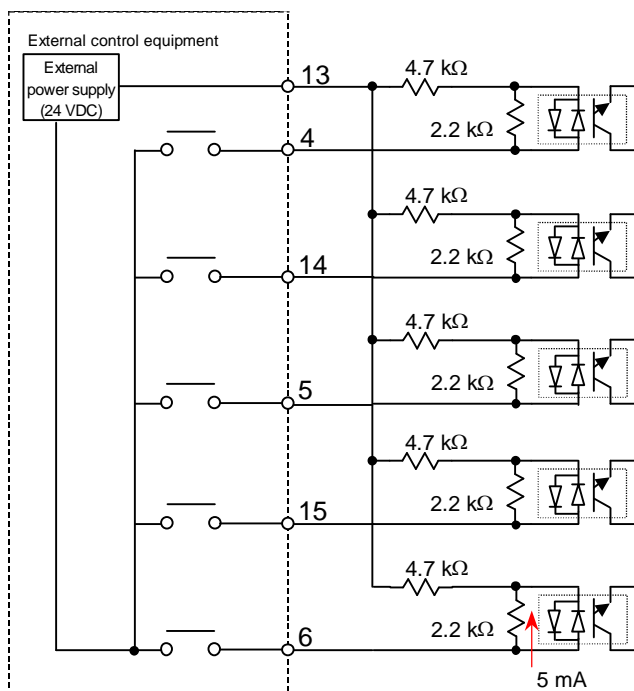
These terminals are used for sequence input signals that control the unit operations from external equipment. Connect these terminals as required, with reference to the table below.

| Terminal No. | Signal name | Remarks |
|--------------|----------------------|--|
| 13 | Digital input common | Both positive and negative signals are acceptable. |
| 4 | Digital input 1 | Used for start/stop control. With the start/stop signal switching parameter (Setting mode: [P00]), you can change the operation at signal input. (See p. 36) |
| 14 | Digital input 2 | P-Q selection Nos. 0 to 15 can be selected depending on the combination of digital input status. (For P-Q selection setting, see p. 36.) |
| 5 | Digital input 3 | |
| 15 | Digital input 4 | |
| 6 | Digital input 5 | |

Note) While the unit is stopped by digital input, the panel shows "STP".

Combination of digital inputs for P-Q selection

| P-Q selection No. | Digital input 2 PQ0 | Digital input 3 PQ1 | Digital input 4 PQ2 | Digital input 5 PQ3 |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 0 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 1 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 2 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 3 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 4 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 5 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 6 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| 7 | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 8 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 9 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 10 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 11 | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 12 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 13 | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 14 | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 15 | ON | ON | ON | ON |



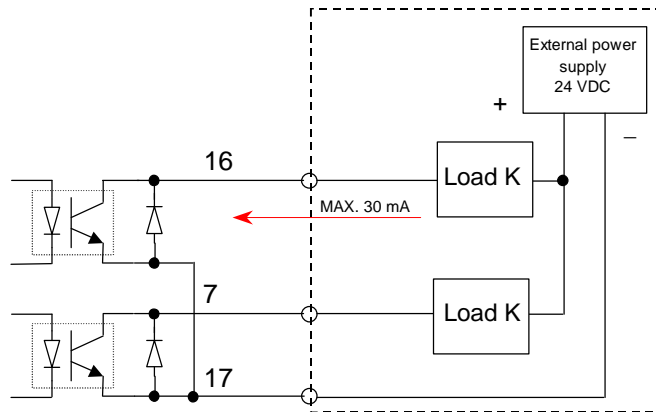
▲ CAUTION

- For the external power supply, use a power supply with **24 VDC ±1 V, 0.5 A or higher** capacity.
- Power cannot be supplied from this controller to external equipment.
- The current flowing through each input circuit is **5 mA (typical)**. To configure a circuit with a contact, be careful about the minimum current of the contact.

◆ Digital output/Contact output

These terminals are used for digital/contact output signals that output alarm status of this unit. Connect these terminals as required, with reference to the table below. For description on the outputs, see the alarm codes on p. 39.

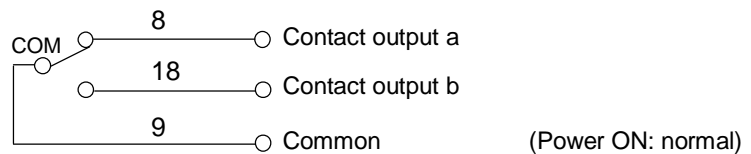
| Terminal No. | Signal name | Remarks |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| 16 | Digital output 1 | Complete signal (See the timing chart in the Attachment.) |
| 7 | Digital output 2 | No output |
| 17 | Digital output common | Negative common |



▲ CAUTION

- As the external power supply, prepare a 24 VDC ± 1 V, 0.5 A power supply. Power cannot be supplied from this controller to external equipment.
- This controller's output circuit serves as negative common.
- The maximum output current of an output circuit is 30 mA (resistance load). If you attempt to drive load higher than the allowable current, the circuit may be damaged. Pay attention to the maximum allowable current.
- To drive induction load, take surge preventive measures.

| Terminal No. | Signal name | Remarks |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| 8 | Contact output a | When the pressure switch, alarm or warning status is normal, this terminal is connected with the common terminal. |
| 18 | Contact output a | When the pressure switch, alarm or warning status is abnormal, this terminal is connected with the common terminal. |
| 9 | Contact output common | Common |



▲ CAUTION

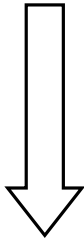
- The contact output switching capacity is **30 VDC/0.5 A (resistance load)**. If you attempt to drive load higher than the allowable current, **the contact may be damaged**. Pay attention to the maximum allowable current.
- The minimum allowable load of the contact output is **10 mVDC/10 μ A**. However, it is an approximate lower limit that enables the contact to be opened/closed under minute load. This value varies depending on switching frequency and environmental conditions. We recommend you to check the minimum allowable load in actual conditions.
- To drive induction load, take surge preventive measures.

[10. Test Run]

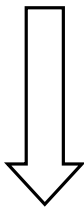
Supply hydraulic oil into the tank to the specified level, and conduct a test run after piping and electric wiring are completed.

(Before turning ON the power supply, re-check if the ground cable and power supply cable are securely connected.)

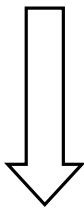
◆ **Start check**



◆ **Flushing**



◆ **Oil replacement**



◆ **Air vent**

- Turn ON the switch on the machine control panel.

- [1] Check the pump operation sound, and confirm that a pressure indicated on the display panel increases.
- [2] Confirm that the oil cooler fan motor is running.

NOTE) This hydraulic unit takes a warm-up time of approx. three seconds until it starts operation after power-ON.
(The pressure rising time varies depending on the pipe volume.)
Furthermore, the hydraulic unit takes a time to increase the circuit pressure above the set pressure of the pressure switch. During this period, the pressure switch signal may be output depending on the pipe condition (pipe volume). In such a case, set up the master machine so that it does not receive the alarm output.

- After completion of the start check, set the circuit pressure at 1 to 1.5 MPa (No-load operation), and flush oil through the circuit for approx. two hours.

To conduct flushing operation, loop all pipes, and run the oil through a filter.

- Before flushing operation, check all pipe connections for looseness and oil leak.
- After completion of the flushing operation, check the return filter indicator. If the filter is clogged, replace the filter element, and drain all hydraulic oil from the tank through the oil drain port of the tank.
- Fill new hydraulic oil to the specified level.
(Use new clean hydraulic oil with pollution level of NAS Class 9 or lower level.)

- Evacuate air from the hydraulic circuit completely. If air is not completely evacuated, the following phenomena may occur.

- [1] Abnormal operation of cylinder actuator
- [2] Abnormal sound of pump and valve





▲ DANGER

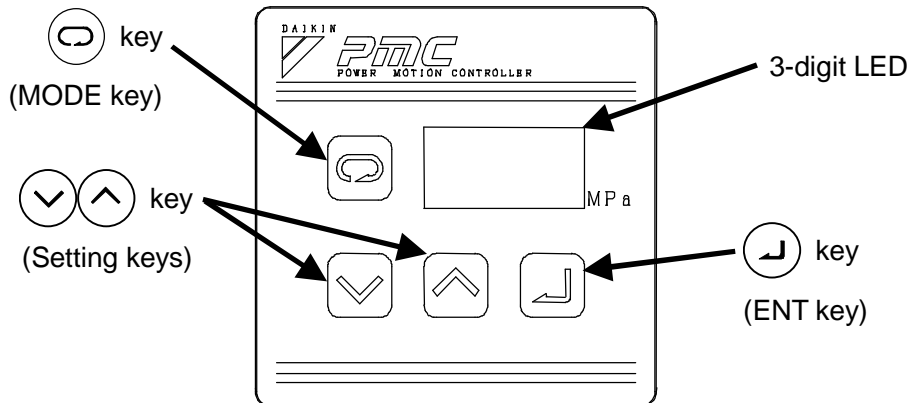
- When evacuating air, high-pressure and high-temperature oil may spout out. Pay attention to oil splash.

[11. Operation Panel Operating Procedure]

This hydraulic unit enables you to monitor or change pressure, flow rate or other parameter settings by operating the controller key switches.

■ Outline of functions

The operation panel is comprised of the 3-digit LED **0.0.0**, mode key , setting keys   and ENT key . Normally, the panel shows an actual pressure value. It can be switched between the monitor display mode and set value display mode through key operations.

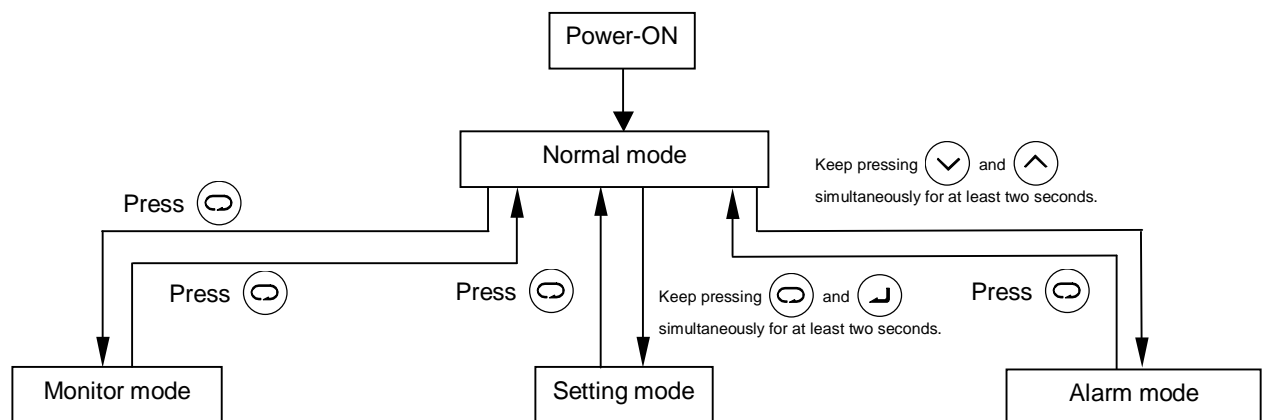


■ Description on individual modes

- Normal mode: Displays an actual pressure value or alarm code.
- Monitor mode: Displays a pressure switch set value, pressure set value, flow rate set value, actual flow rate, and actual rpm.
- Setting mode: Used to set or change a parameter such as pressure and flow rate.
- Alarm mode: Alarm records can be checked.

■ Shift between individual modes

Key switch operations for shift between individual modes are shown below:



■ Operating procedure for each mode

a) Monitor mode

The monitor mode allows you to monitor a parameter by selecting a desired item from the following table.


| Parameter No. | Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| n00 | Pressure switch setting | (MPa) [When PSI unit is selected, x 10PSI] Displays a pressure switch setting. |
| n01 ^{Note 1} | Pressure setting | (MPa) [When PSI unit is selected, x 10PSI] Alternately displays pressure settings of the high-pressure and low-pressure pumps for the current P-Q selection number. |
| n02 | Discharge rate setting | (L/min) Alternately displays discharge flow rate settings of the small-capacity and large-capacity pumps for the current P-Q selection number. |
| n03 | Discharge rate | (L/min) Displays the current discharge rate. |
| n04 ^{Note 2} | Latest alarm code | Displays the latest alarm code. |
| n05 | rpm | ($\times 10 \text{ min}^{-1}$) Displays the current rpm. |
| n06 | Operating status | Displays the current switching status (combination or single mode) of the solenoid valve and the P-Q selection number. |
| n07 | Reverse rpm at power-OFF | Displays a motor reverse rpm due to counter-flow from the load when the unit power supply is turned OFF. This parameter is used to estimate the machine load volume. |
| n08 | Regenerative load integration ratio | Displays the load integration ratio of the current regenerative braking resistance. |

^{Note 1} With the factory setting, "MPa" is the standard unit. When it is changed to the PSI unit, **attach a label to indicate the PSI display mode.**

However, if the PSI unit is used in Japan, you will be punished under the Measuring and Weighing Law.

The indication label should be prepared by the user.

^{Note 2} For details on the alarm codes, refer to description on the alarm display mode.

You can check the **current power-ON count** by pressing the  key when an alarm code is displayed.

An example of monitor mode operation is shown below.

<Example> Monitoring current discharge rate

| Operating procedure | Key operation | 3-digit LED | Remarks |
|---|--|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-ON (Startup, Run) ↓ • Actual pressure display • Shift to monitor mode ↓ • Parameter No. selection ↓ • Monitor display ↓ • Return to actual pressure display mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊙ ⬆ ⬇ ⊙ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 20.6 n00 n03 83.0 20.6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Press the ⬆ key three times. Blinking Discharge rate (theoretical value) 83.0 L/min |

To monitor other parameter, return to the actual pressure display mode once, and then select a desired item.

b) Setting mode

The setting mode allows you to set or change a parameter such as pressure and flow rate on the operation panel.

For the parameters that can be specified or changed in the setting mode and their adjusting ranges, see the list of setting ranges on p. 36.

For the initial values and adjusting ranges of non-standard models or custom-made models, see the delivery specifications on separate sheets.

NOTE:

- [1] The above discharge rate set value is a theoretical value (the product of theoretical displacement volume by rpm). It is slightly different from the actual discharge rate.
- [2] For the pressure/flow rate setting parameters ([p. 14] through [p. 33]), the following settings are not allowed.
 - a) If [PH.*] is set lower than [PL.*], [PL.*] automatically becomes equal to [PH.*].
 - b) [PL.*] cannot be set higher than [PH.*].
 - c) If [qL.*] is set lower than [qH.*], [qH.*] automatically becomes equal to [qL.*].
 - d) [qH.*] cannot be set higher than [qL.*].

Wherein, [PH.*] is a high-pressure pump pressure setting, and [qH.*] is a small flow rate setting.
[PL.*] is a low-pressure pump pressure setting, and [qL.*] is a large flow rate setting.

Example) If the [PH.0] setting is changed to "5.5 MPa" when [PL.0] is set at "6.0 MPa", the [PL.0] setting is automatically changed to "5.5 MPa".

The setting mode allows you to set (adjust) a parameter by selecting a desired item from the following table.


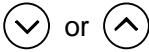


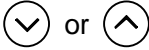





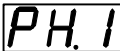


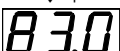

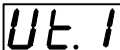

| Parameter No. | Name | Description |
|---------------|--|--|
| P00 | Start/stop signal switching | Specify whether to run or stop the unit at signal input. |
| P01 | Pressure switch setting | Specify whether to enable or disable the pressure switch function, and the pressure to activate the pressure switch. |
| P02 | Pressure alarm output delay time setting | Specify the delay time until alarm output after the pressure falls below the pressure switch activating pressure. |
| P03 | Pressure switch display hold setting | Specify the function that indicates that the pressure switch is activated. For details on this function, see "Alarm codes and classification table" on p. 39. |
| P04 | Pressure unit selection setting | Used to change the unit of the normal pressure display mode ("MPa" or "x10 PSI"). |
| P05 | Regenerative load command ratio setting | Adjust the regenerative load when it is too much increased at normal pressure response (FF → DH). |
| P06 | Unused | Since this parameter is not used, it has no influence on operating conditions. However, do not attempt to change it. |
| P07 | Warning output level setting | Specify a warning output level. |
| P08 | Alarm output combination setting | Specify whether to activate the contact outputs (alarm, warning and pressure switch outputs) individually, or integrate them into one output. (See the timing chart in Attachment on p. 47.) |
| P09 | Reset to factory setting | Resets P00 to P08 settings to factory settings. |
| P10 | Response gain | Adjust a control response value. (A smaller value makes quicker response.) |
| P11 | Acceleration response gain | Adjust an acceleration response value. (A larger setting makes quicker acceleration response. However, it easily causes vibration during deceleration.) |
| P12 | Solenoid valve response delay time | Specify a solenoid valve response delay time so that a P-Q selection is synchronized with motion of the operating axis. |
| P13 | P-Q selection 0 to 15 Pressure, flow rate, acceleration time and deceleration time settings | <p>This mode is used to set a pressure, flow rate, acceleration time and deceleration time for each P-Q selection No.</p> <p>Set the following items in this order:</p> <p>PH <Pressure setting of high-pressure pump (single mode)> qH <Flow rate setting of high-pressure pump (single mode)> PL <Pressure setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode)> qL <Flow rate setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode)> Ut <Acceleration time setting> : Increases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously specified.</p> <p>dt <Deceleration time setting> : Decreases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously specified.</p> <p>* For parameters [P23] through [P28], P-Q selection Nos. are expressed by hexadecimal numbers. Example) When P-Q selection No. is "10": PH.A, qH.A, PL.A, qL.A, Ut.A, dt.A When P-Q selection No. is "11": PH.b, qH.b, PL.b, qL.b, Ut.b, dt.b ↓ When P-Q selection No. is "15": PH.F, qH.F, PL.F, qL.F, Ut.F, dt.F</p> |
| P14 | | |
| P15 | | |
| P16 | | |
| P17 | | |
| P18 | | |
| P19 | | |
| P20 | | |
| P21 | | |
| P22 | | |
| P23 | | |
| P24 | | |
| P25 | | |
| P26 | | |
| P27 | | |
| P28 | | |
| P29 | High/Low switching response time setting | Used to adjust the minimum response time for switching the solenoid valve when the pump operation is unstable because the operating point is close to the high pressure/low pressure switching point (solenoid valve switching point). |
| P30 | Single mode switching rpm dead zone setting | Used to adjust the dead zone of the solenoid valve switching rpm when the pump operation is unstable because the operating point is close to the high pressure/low pressure switching point (solenoid valve switching point). |

Normally, the P05, P10 and P11 settings need not to be changed. However, if a special circuit condition (large load volume, etc.) is expected, these settings must be changed.

• Flow rate setting changing procedure

An example of flow rate setting changing operation is shown below.

<Example> Changing flow rate for P-Q selection 1 from 83.0 L/min to 32.8 L/min.

| Operating procedure | Key operation | 3-digit LED | Remarks |
|--|--|---|---------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-ON <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Actual pressure display • Setting mode <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Parameter No. selection <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Set value display <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • P-Q selection <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Changing set value <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Writing set value <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Return to actual pressure display mode | <p style="text-align: center;">  Keep pressing two keys simultaneously for at least two seconds. </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  or </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Press  three times. "PH.1", "qH.1", "PL.1", "qL.1", "Ut.1" and "dt.1" are alternately displayed in this order. </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  or </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> | <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;">  After two seconds </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  P-Q selection 1 </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  ↓ ↑  Displays pressure setting of high-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1. </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  ↓ ↑  Displays flow rate setting of low-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1. </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  Displays acceleration time setting after writing flow rate setting. </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> | |













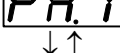








CAUTION: The flow rate setting can be arbitrarily specified in steps of 0.1 L/min.

| Model | Theoretical pump displacement volume (cc/rev) | |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Pump capacity (Low-pressure mode) | Pump capacity (High-pressure mode) |
| SUT00D8021 | 19.3 | 6.68 |

• Pressure setting changing procedure

An example of pressure setting changing operation is shown below.

<Example> Changing pressure for P-Q selection 1 from 7.0 MPa to 6.0 MPa

| Operating procedure | Key operation | 3-digit LED | Remarks |
|--|--|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-ON | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Actual pressure display | |  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting mode |  | | After two seconds |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parameter No. selection | Keep pressing two keys simultaneously for at least two seconds. |  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set value display |  |  | P-Q selection 1 |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P-Q selection |  |  | Displays pressure setting of high-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changing set value |  |  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P-Q selection | Press  two times. "PH.1", "qH.1", "PL.1", "qL.1", "Ut.1" and "dt.1" are alternately displayed in this order. |  | Displays flow rate setting of low-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changing set value |  |  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changing set value |  |  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Writing set value |  |  | Displays flow rate setting of low-pressure pump after writing low-pressure pump pressure setting. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Writing set value |  |  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Return to actual pressure display mode |  |  | |

• Setting range

| Parameter No. | Description | Initial setting | Operating range ^{Note1} | Display unit |
|---------------|---|--|--|---|
| P00 | Start/stop signal switching | 1 | 0: Run at signal input 1: Stop at signal input | - |
| P01 | Pressure switch setting | 0 | 0 to 35.0 (0: Disabled) | (MPa) |
| | | | 0 to 507 (0: Disabled) | [When PSI unit is selected, × 10 PSI] |
| P02 | Pressure alarm output delay time setting | 0 | 0.00 to 9.99 (9.99 sec. max.) | (sec) |
| P03 | Pressure switch display hold setting | 0 | 0: Disabled 1: Holds display during pressure switch activation 2: Display and memory during pressure switch activation | - |
| P04 | Pressure unit selection setting | 0 | 0: MPa 1: PSI | - |
| P05 | Regenerative load command ratio setting | 50 | 30 to 100 | (%) |
| P06 | Unused | 0 | | |
| P07 | Warning output level setting | 0 | 0: No warning output 1: Warning status output 2: Alarm equivalent output | - |
| P08 | Alarm output combination setting | 1 | 0: Individual alarm output 1: Integrated alarm output See Attachment. ^{Note 6} | - |
| P09 | Reset to factory setting | 0 | 0: Retains current settings 1: Reset to factory settings ^{Note 7} | - |
| P10 | Response gain ^{Note 2} | 30 | 10 to 999 (A smaller value makes quicker response.) | - |
| P11 | Acceleration response gain ^{Note 2} | 200 | 0 to 500 | - |
| P12 | Solenoid valve response delay time | 0 | 0.00 to 9.99 | (sec) |
| P13 to P28 | P-Q selection 0 to 15 Pressure, flow rate, acceleration time and deceleration time settings | | | |
| | PH.00 to PH.15: Pressure setting of high-pressure pump (single mode) ^{Note 3} | 3.5 | 1.5 to 20.6 | (MPa) |
| | qH.00 to qH.15: Flow rate setting of high-pressure pump (single mode) ^{Note 4} | 50 | 22 to 298 | (× 10 PSI) |
| | qL.00 to qL.15: Flow rate setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode) ^{Note 4} | 26.7 | 4.1 to 30.0 | (L/min) |
| | PL.00 to PL.15: Pressure setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode) ^{Note 3} | 3.5 | 1.5 to 7.0 | (MPa) |
| | qL.00 to qL.15: Flow rate setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode) ^{Note 4} | 50 | 22 to 100 | (× 10 PSI) |
| | Ut.00 to Ut.15: Acceleration time setting ^{Note 5} | 83.0 | 11.6 to 86.8 | (L/min) |
| | dt. 00 to dt.15: Deceleration time setting ^{Note 5} | 0.10 | 0.01 to 9.99 | (sec/MPa) (sec/1000min ⁻¹) |
| | dt. 00 to dt.15: Deceleration time setting ^{Note 5} | 0.10 | 0.01 to 9.99 | (sec/MPa) (sec/1000min ⁻¹) |
| | P29 | High/Low switching response time setting | 0.30 | 0.05 to 1.00 |
| P30 | Single mode switching rpm dead zone setting | 400 | 0 to 999 | (min ⁻¹) |

- Note 1 For setting or adjustment on the operation panel, a value exceeding the above operating range can be specified. However, be sure to use the unit within the specified operating range.
- Note 2 If the load volume is normal, response gain adjustment is not required. If the response gain is changed to an improper value, the unit operation becomes unstable, or surge pressure may be generated.
- Note 3 Make sure that the pressure setting is lower than "Safety valve setting - 1.0 MPa".
- Note 4 The flow rate setting can be arbitrarily specified in steps of 0.1 L/min.
- Note 5 According to the acceleration time setting, increases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously specified.
According to the deceleration time setting, decreases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously specified.
- Note 6 Specify whether to activate the contact outputs (alarm, warning and pressure switch outputs) individually, or integrate them into one output.
- Note 7 1: Enables reset to factory settings. When the power supply is turned ON again, the factory settings become active.









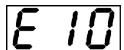
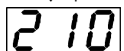

c) Alarm mode

The alarm mode allows you to check alarm conditions listed below by selecting any item between A00 and A09.

| Alarm No. | Description | Remarks |
|------------|---|--|
| A00 to A09 | Alarm code indicating alarm condition (For each code, see the attached table.) | A smaller No. indicates a later alarm. |

An example of alarm mode operation is shown below.

<Example> Checking an alarm condition (E10: IPM alarm) of an alarm before the latest one (A01)

| Operating procedure | Key operation | 3-digit LED | Remarks |
|--|--|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-ON <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Actual pressure display • Alarm mode <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Selecting alarm No. <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Displays alarm condition <li style="text-align: center;">↓ • Return to actual pressure display mode | <p style="text-align: center;">   </p> <p style="text-align: center;">Keep pressing two keys simultaneously for at least two seconds.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Press  once.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> <p style="text-align: center;">  </p> | <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;">After two seconds (Displays the latest alarm)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Displays an alarm before the latest one</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ ↑</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> | <p style="text-align: center;">After two seconds</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Alarm code and power-ON count are alternately displayed at a second interval.</p> |

■ Alarm code display list

The hydraulic unit incorporates alarm detecting functions that are classified as follows:

◆ Panel display, unit operation and external output signal at occurrence of trouble

| Unit status | Error condition | Panel display | Unit operation | External output signal |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Normal operation | [1] | Alarm No. display | Operation stop | See the table on the next page. |
| Power-ON (during initialization) | [2] | Alarm No. and erroneous parameter No. are alternately displayed. | | |
| Normal operation | [3] | Warning No. and actual pressure value are alternately displayed. | Operation continued | |
| Normal operation | [4] | Warning No. display | | |

◆ Alarm codes and classification table

(Individual alarm output: When the alarm output combination setting [P08] is "0")


(Integrated alarm output: When the alarm output combination setting [P08] is "1")

| Classification | Description | Panel indication | External output status | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | ○: There is continuity in the circuit. ×: There is no continuity in the circuit. -: The status immediately before alarm activation is retained. | | | | |
| | | | Individual alarm output | | | Integrated alarm output | |
| | | | Relay output | | Alarm/ Warning | Relay output | |
| A contact | B contact | A contact | B contact | | | | |
| | Power OFF | - | × | ○ | × | × | ○ |
| | Power ON: Normal | Actual pressure display | ○ | × | ○ | ○ | × |
| [1] | Output device error | E10 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Instantaneous overcurrent | E11 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Overspeed | E12 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Regenerative brake overload | E14 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Undervoltage | E15 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Overvoltage | E16 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Electronic thermal | E17 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Magnetic pole detection error | E18 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Encoder cable break | E20 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Motor cable break | E21 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Power supply open phase | E24 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Pressure sensor error | E30 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Motor start error | E31 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Motor thermistor cable break | E40 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Motor temperature abnormal rise | E41 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Radiator fin thermistor cable break | E42 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Fin temperature abnormal rise | E43 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| | Drying operation error | E64 | - | - | × | × | ○ |
| CPU runaway (watchdog) | E91 | - | - | × | × | ○ | |
| [2] | EEPROM data error (1) | E93 | × | ○ | × | × | ○ |
| | EEPROM data error (2) | E94 | × | ○ | × | × | ○ |
| [3] | Motor temperature abnormal warning | L44 | ○ | × | * | × | ○ |
| | Fin temperature abnormal warning | L45 | ○ | × | * | × | ○ |
| | Power supply voltage drop warning | L50 | ○ | × | * | × | ○ |
| | Pressure deviation abnormal warning | L60 | ○ | × | * | × | ○ |
| [4] | Pressure switch activation ^{Note 1} | L63 | × | ○ | ○ | × | ○ |

During activation of an alarm of Classification [1], the system records the alarm, and holds the alarm code on the display.

During activation of an alarm of Classification [1], the pressure switch does not work. The system retains the status immediately before activation of the alarm.

When alarm output combination setting [P08] is "1" (integrated alarm output is selected), the alarm signal is output even if the warning/pressure switch is activated.

- Note 1 The pressure switch activation alarm code ("L63" of Classification [4]) is displayed only with the a) or b) setting below:
- a) When the pressure switch display hold setting (Setting mode [P03]) is "1" or "2"
 - b) When the pressure switch setting [P01] is enabled (When any number other than "0" is entered)
- When the pressure switch display hold setting [P03] is "1" or "2", the display hold status cannot be reset until the  key is pressed.
- When the pressure switch display hold setting [P03] is "2", the alarm is stored in the alarm record if the pressure falls below the value of the pressure switch setting [P01].
- * The alarm/warning output of the individual alarm output of Classification [3], and the relay output B contact of the integrated alarm output vary depending on the warning output level setting [P07]. See "Attachment: Power-ON External I/O Signal Timing Chart".

[12. Maintenance]

To keep the motor pump performance in good conditions for a long period, conduct periodic maintenance on the following items. If there is a problem, repair or replace defective parts.

Standard inspection cycles are listed below. However, these cycles considerably vary depending on the operating conditions and environment.

■ Periodic inspection

| Item | Inspection cycle | Method |
|---|---------------------|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Oil tank <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oil level check | Daily, Occasionally | Make sure that the float of the oil level gauge is between the red and yellow lines. Check the hydraulic oil for whitish muddiness and air bubbles. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oil temperature check | Daily, Occasionally | Make sure that the oil temperature is 60°C or less. (Normally, use the oil at 15 to 50°C.) |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oil color check | Semiannually | Deterioration of hydraulic oil can be checked by color. If the hydraulic oil turns brownish (ASTM L4 level: bright yellow), replace it. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● AC fan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fan motor rotation | Daily, Occasionally | Make sure that the fan motor is rotating. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pressure display <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operation check | Daily, Occasionally | Check if the indicated value changes according to load condition changes. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pressure display check | Daily, Occasionally | Make sure that the pressure display for D.H. conforms to the preset value. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Sound and vibration | Daily, Occasionally | Check for abnormal sound and vibration. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Electric wiring | Semiannually | [1] Check the cable sheathing for cracks or fracture. [2] Measure the insulation resistance, and check for a decrease in insulation resistance. [3] Make sure that the ground cable is securely connected. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Hose | Yearly | Check the hose for cracks, fracture or flaws. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Screws and pipes | Daily, Occasionally | Check screws and pipes for looseness and oil leak. |

■ Cleaning and replacement

| Item | Operation cycle | Method |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| ● Replacement of oil tank and oil | Yearly | Replace hydraulic oil periodically. If the oil is used without replacement for a long period, it has bad influences on operation and service life of the hydraulic unit. |
| ● Cleaning of AC fan | Yearly | Disassemble and clean the AC fan (air breather) according to "Maintenance Procedure" on p. 43 and p. 44. |

▲ DANGER

- [1] Do not access or touch rotating parts.
- [2] If you touch internal components of the controller, observe the following procedure to prevent electric shock.
 - i) Turn OFF the hydraulic unit main power supply.
(Turn OFF the power supply circuit breaker.)
To prevent erroneous operation during work, post an "Operation Prohibited (During Work)" sign on the power supply circuit breaker.
 - ii) Remove the controller cover after elapse of at least five minutes.
The controller uses a large-capacitance capacitor. If you work with the capacitor charged, you may get electric shock. Before removing the controller cover, be sure to leave the controller for at least **five minutes** to discharge electricity from the capacitor.
- [3] Before turning ON the power supply to start operation, mount all covers to the controller.

■ AC fan maintenance procedure**▲ WARNING**

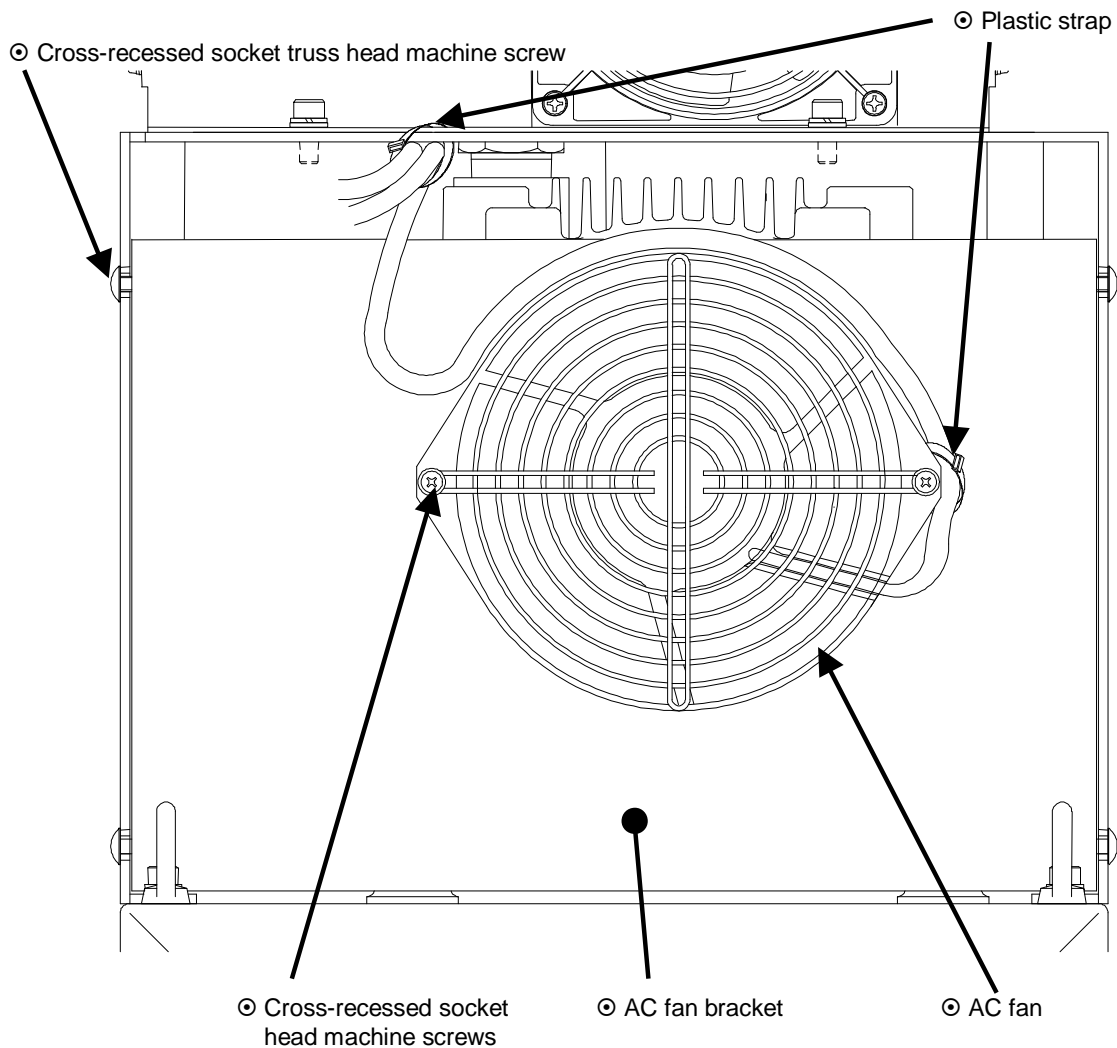
- [1] Before maintenance, stop operation, and turn OFF the main power supply.
- [2] During maintenance, wear protective goggles and gloves.
 - When blowing air, be careful not to allow foreign objects to touch the eyes.

▲ CAUTION

- During maintenance, be careful not to apply strong force to the fan motor power cable or connector.

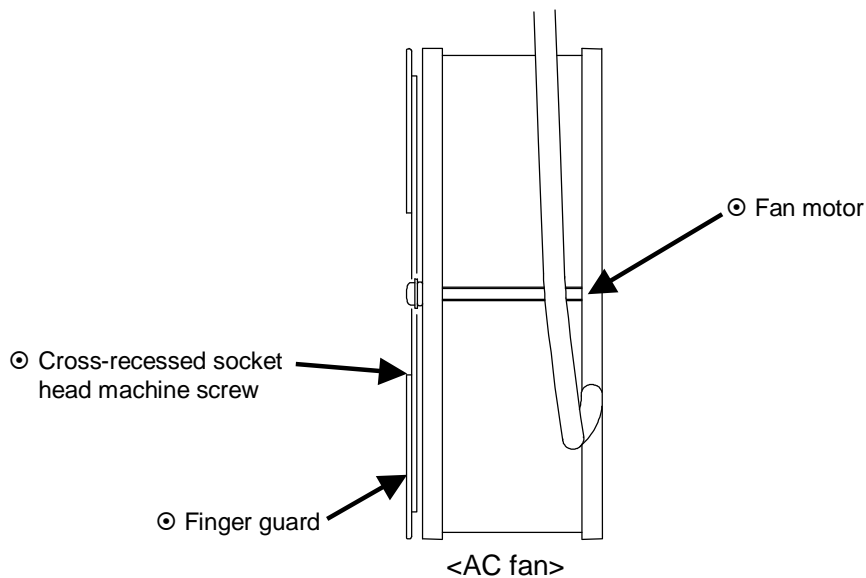
1. Removing the AC fan

- [1] Cut out the plastic strap that ties the fan harness and the solenoid valve harness.
- [2] Cut out the plastic strap that ties the fan harness to the cross-recessed socket head machine screws (**M4 × L70: 2 pcs**).
- [3] Remove the cross-recessed socket head machine screws (**M4 × L70: 2 pcs**), and remove the AC fan.
- [4] Remove the cross-recessed socket truss head machine screws (**M5 × L14: 4 pcs**), and remove the AC fan bracket.



2. Disassembling the AC fan

Remove the cross-recessed socket head machine screws (**M4 × L70: 2 pcs**), and separate the AC fan bracket from the fan motor and the finger guard.



3. Cleaning the AC fan bracket

Blow steam or air onto the AC fan bracket to eliminate dust or contamination accumulated on/adhering to the bracket.

4. Cleaning the fan motor

Clean the clearance between the blade periphery and the casing, as well as the fan blades and the casing, by using a cloth.

▲ CAUTION

[1] Prohibition of steam/air blow

- Never attempt to blow steam or air onto the fan motor. Steam/air blow causes foreign bodies to be blown into the motor.

5. Reassembling the AC fan

After cleaning the AC fan, reassemble it.

After reassembling is completed, make sure that the fan normally operates according to the test run procedure described on p. 28.

(Check if the oil cooler air intake/exhaust direction is correct. (See p. 15))

[Attachment: High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure]

With this hydraulic unit, it is not necessary to change the high-pressure safety valve settings in detail, even in the case of pressure setting adjustment. This hydraulic unit uses the IPM motor, resulting in drastic improvement of the motor drive system. Thus, it ensures stable performance without necessity of high-pressure safety valve setting adjustment.

In any of the following three cases, adjust the safety valve with reference to "Safety Valve Adjusting Procedure".

1. When safety valve setting adjustment is required:

Even if the hydraulic unit is used with the maximum pressure setting, the safety valve will not be activated under normal pressure control (except for the transient period when the circuit is blocked due to stop of the master machine hydraulic actuator). However, the safety valve set pressure will be lowered due to long-term repeated operations and contaminants in the hydraulic oil. If the safety valve is activated even with normal conditions, safety valve adjustment is required.

[Judgment criteria]

- The hydraulic oil temperature rising time is shorter than before.
- When the safety valve adjusting screw is turned in the tightening direction, the rpm indication in the pressure hold status is lowered.

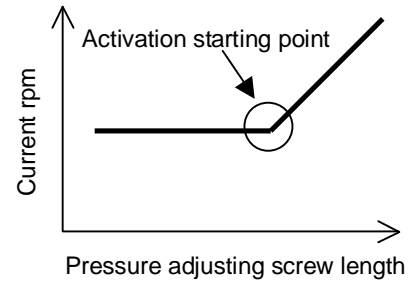
2. To minimize surge pressure that much exceeds a set pressure, safety valve adjustment is required in consideration of the withstand pressure of the hoses being used.

3. When the pressure set value is changed from the factory setting:

In order to suppress surge pressure to protect the master machine peripheral equipment (actuator, pressure gauge, etc.), it is recommended that the safety valve set pressure should be set "pressure of the unit + 1.0 MPa".

<High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure>

- [1] Referring to the enlarged view of the high-pressure safety valve shown below, loosen the lock nut. (M10 lock nut, Width across flats: 14 mm)
- [2] According to the pressure adjusting screw length reference chart, determine the screw length corresponding to a desired control pressure setting.
 - * Tip of adjusting screw: Hexagon socket head, Width across flats: 5 mm
 - * One turn of the adjusting screw changes the pressure by approx. 7.7 MPa.
- [3] Turn ON the hydraulic unit power supply, and select the setting mode through panel key operation. Then, set a desired pressure.
- [4] Select [n05] (rpm display) in the monitor mode through panel key operation to show the current rpm.
- [5] Adjust the pressure adjusting screw length in the longitudinal direction, and find an activation starting point as shown on the right.
- [6] Turn the pressure adjusting screw clockwise by 1/8 turn from the activation starting point to tighten the screw.
- [7] Tighten the lock nut. This completes the safety valve adjusting procedure.
(When tightening the lock nut, be careful not to allow the adjusting screw to turn.)

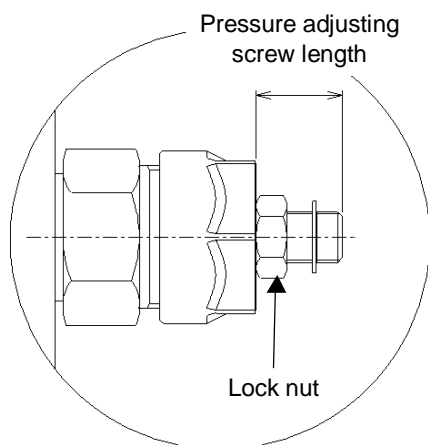


★CAUTION: To set the safety valve to 20 MPa or higher pressure, caution is required.

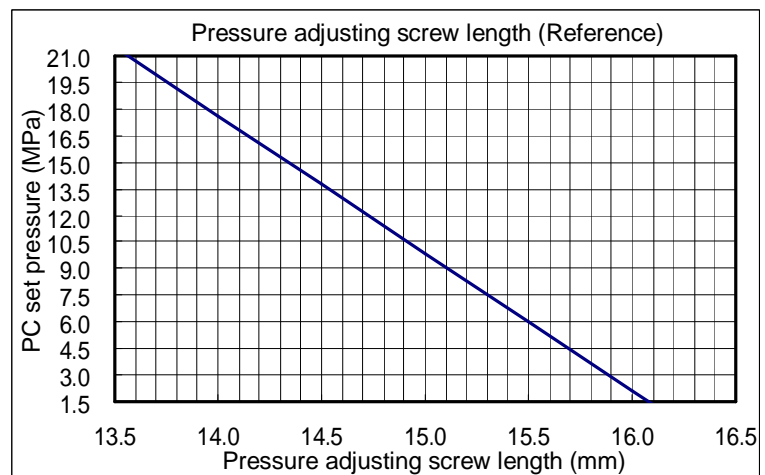
(Excessively increasing the safety valve setting causes the pump to be damaged by surge pressure.)

To adjust the safety valve, follow the procedure below:

First, set the safety valve by following the above steps [1] to [5] so that the pressure setting is 7.7 MPa (corresponding to one turn of the pressure adjusting screw) lower than a target pressure. Then, tighten the adjusting screw by turning it clockwise by one turn, and conduct the above step [7].



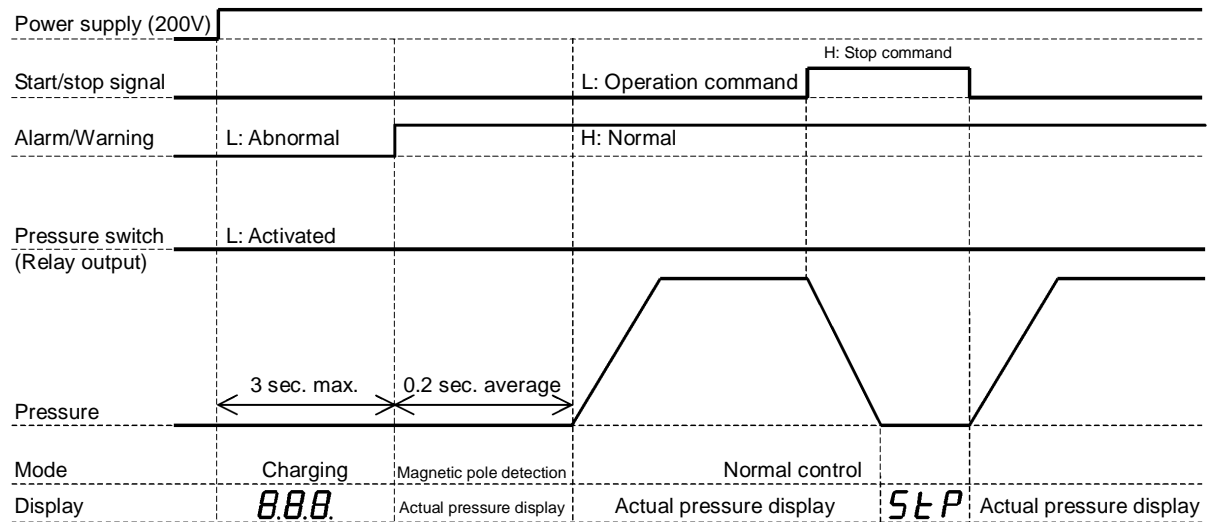
Enlarged view of the high-pressure safety valve



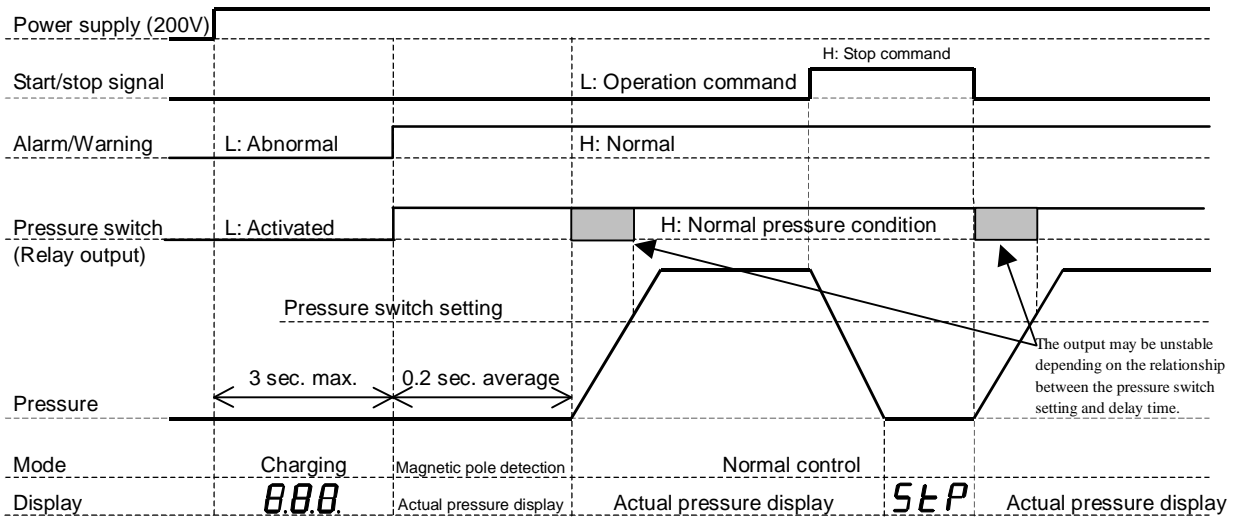
[Attachment: Power-ON External I/O Signal Timing Chart]

1. When parameter [P08] is "0" (Individual alarm output)

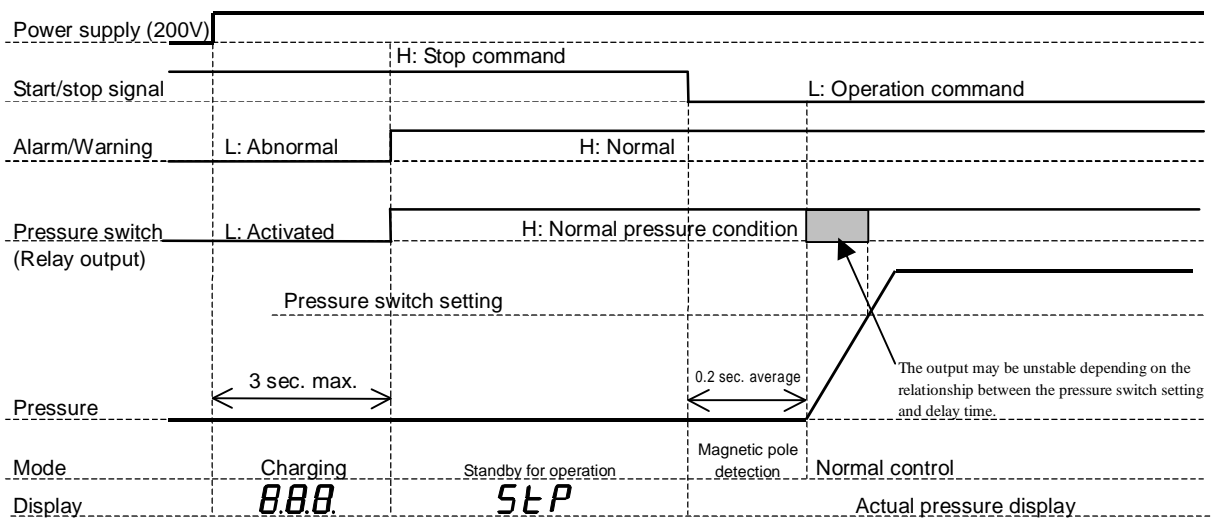
1-1 When the pressure switch function is not used



1-2 When the pressure switch function is used

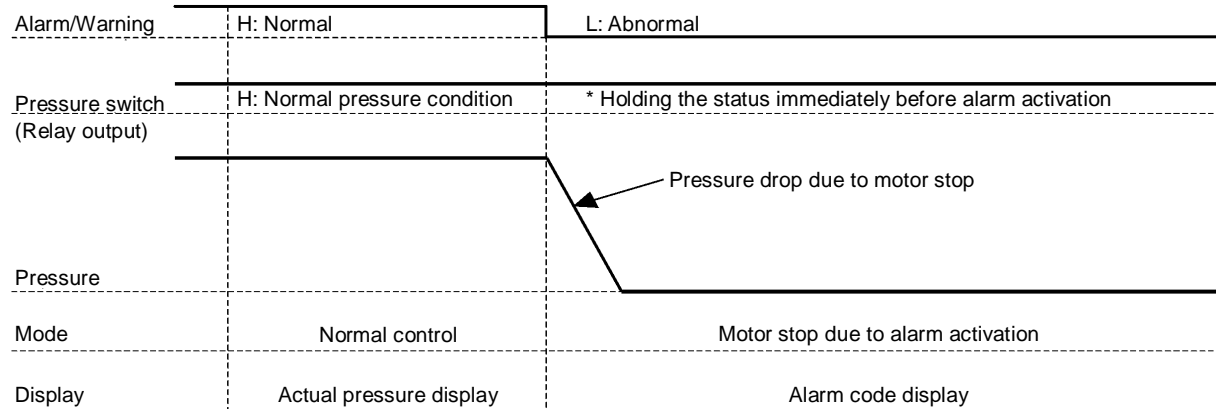


1-3 When the pressure switch function is used (Stop at power-ON)

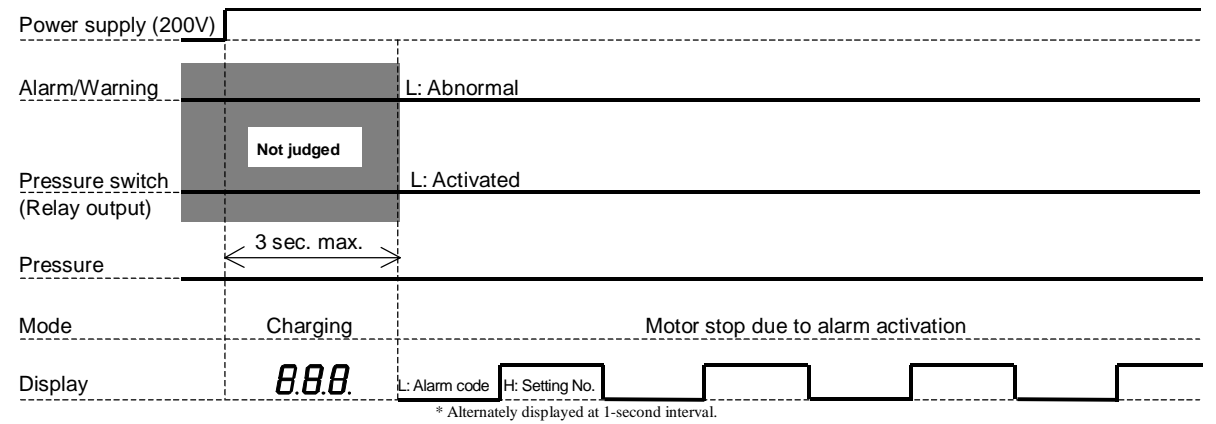


* Magnetic pole detection will be executed at the first motor startup after power-ON.

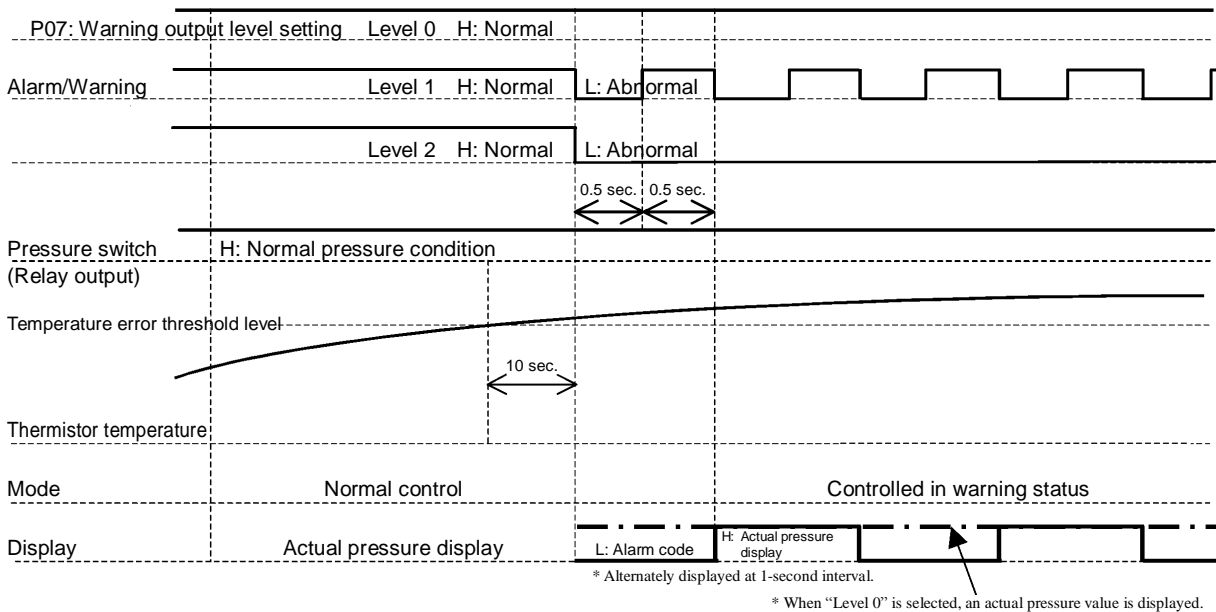
1-4 Alarm classification [1]



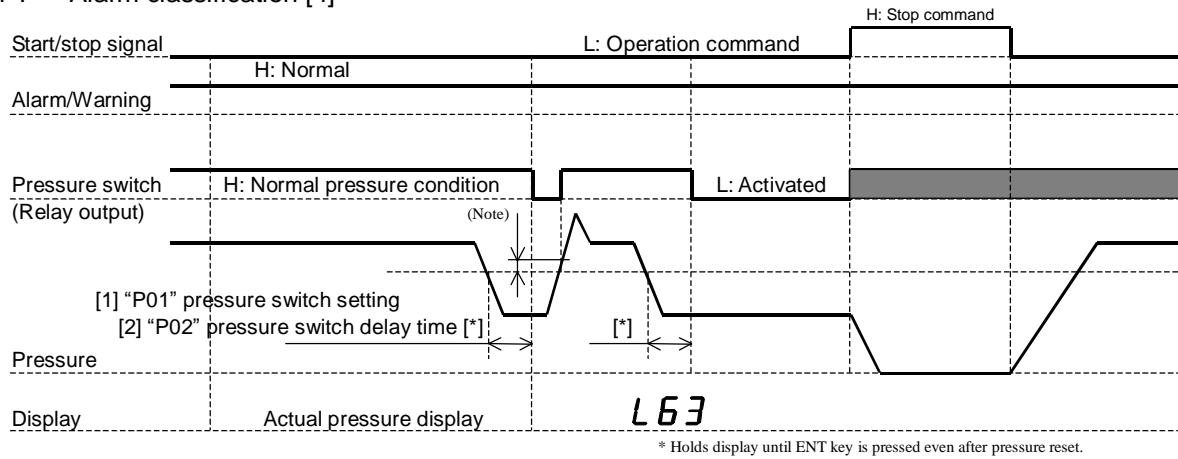
1-5 Alarm classification [2]



1-6 Alarm classification [3]



1-7 Alarm classification [4]



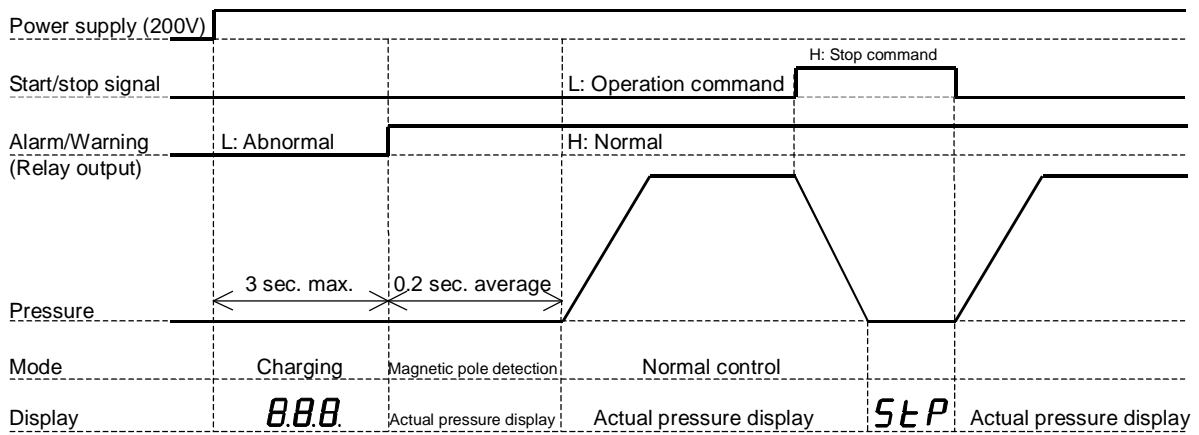
The above chart shows the case where "P03" (Pressure switch display hold setting) is [1] or [2].
 When "P03" is [0], an actual pressure value is displayed.
 When the stop command is activated by the start/stop signal, the pressure switch is in the normal condition.

The "P01" and "P02" settings (above [1] and [2]) can be changed in the setting mode.
 For the setting procedure and setting range, see "Operating procedure for each mode: b) Setting mode" on p. 32.

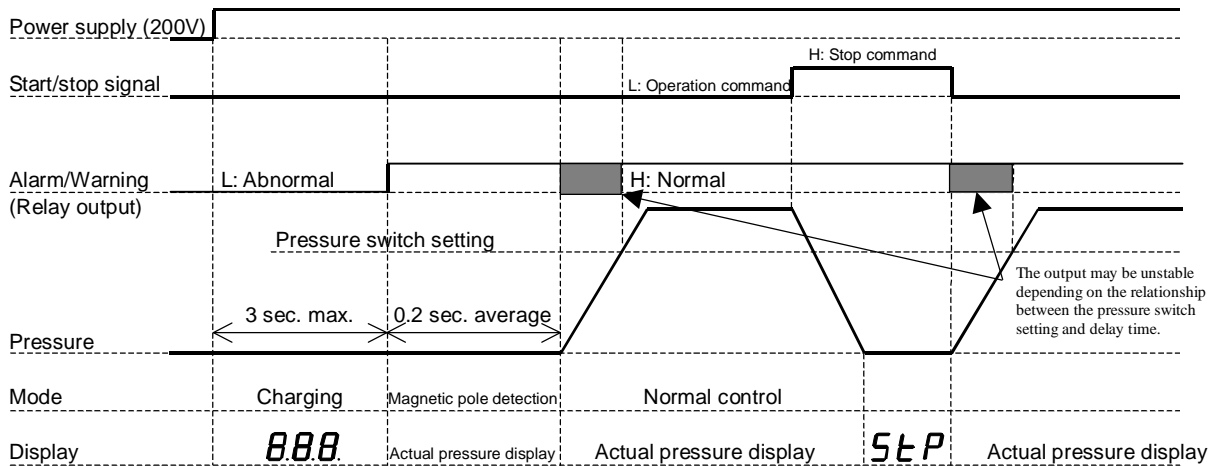
Note) For the purpose of explanation, the above "1-7 Alarm classification [4]" chart shows the case where the pressure switch is activated without a dead zone.
 Actually, however, the pressure switch has a dead zone of approx. 0.5 MPa.

2. When parameter [P08] is "1" (Total alarm output: Factory-setting)

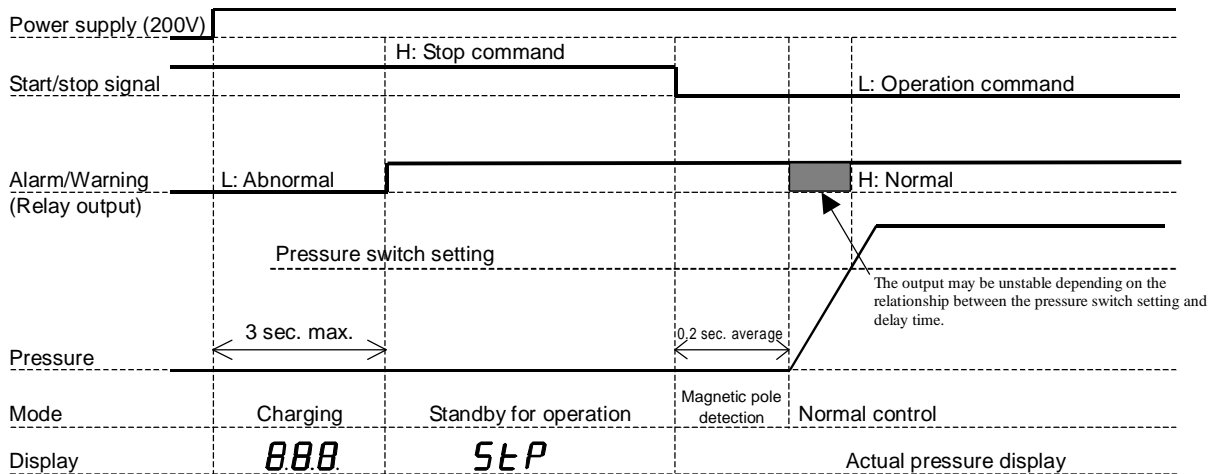
2-1 When the pressure switch function is not used



2-2 When the pressure switch function is used

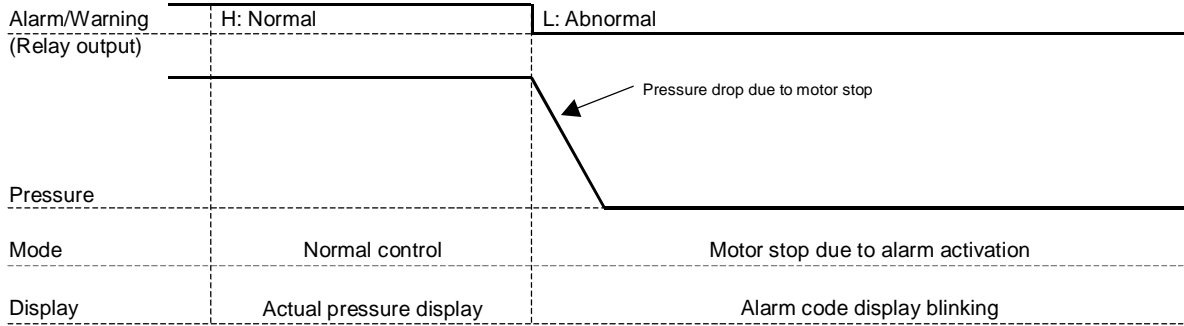


2-3 When the pressure switch function is used (Stop at power-ON)

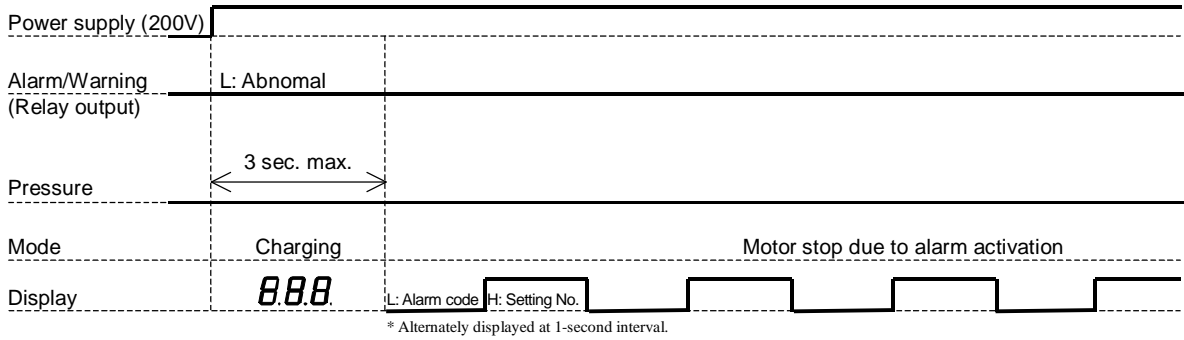


* Magnetic pole detection will be executed at the first motor startup after power-ON.

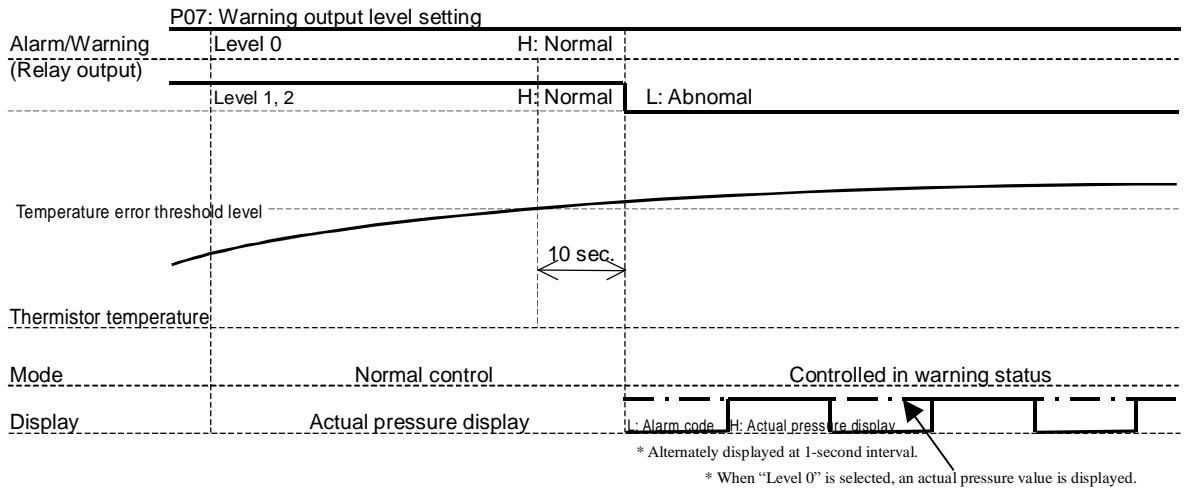
2-4 Alarm classification [1]



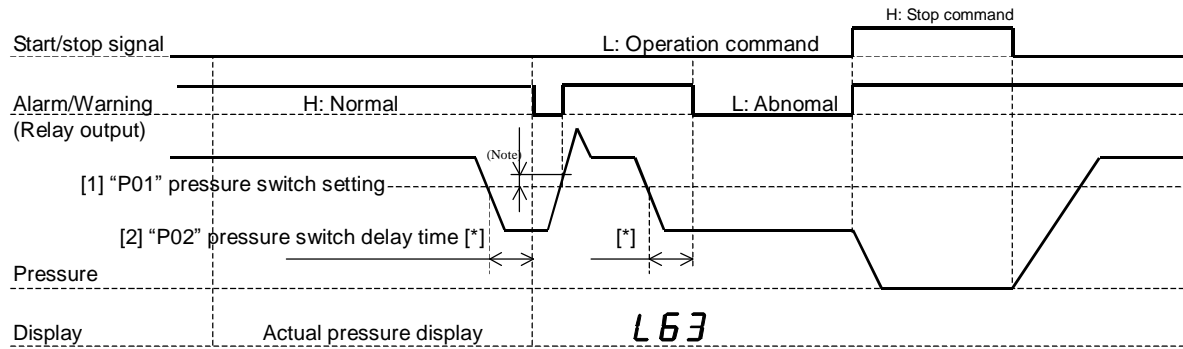
2-5 Alarm classification [2]



2-6 Alarm classification [3]



2-7 Alarm classification [4]



The above chart shows the case where "P03" (Pressure switch display hold setting) is [1] or [2].

When "P03" is [0], an actual pressure value is displayed.

When the stop command is activated by the start/stop signal, the pressure switch is in the normal condition.

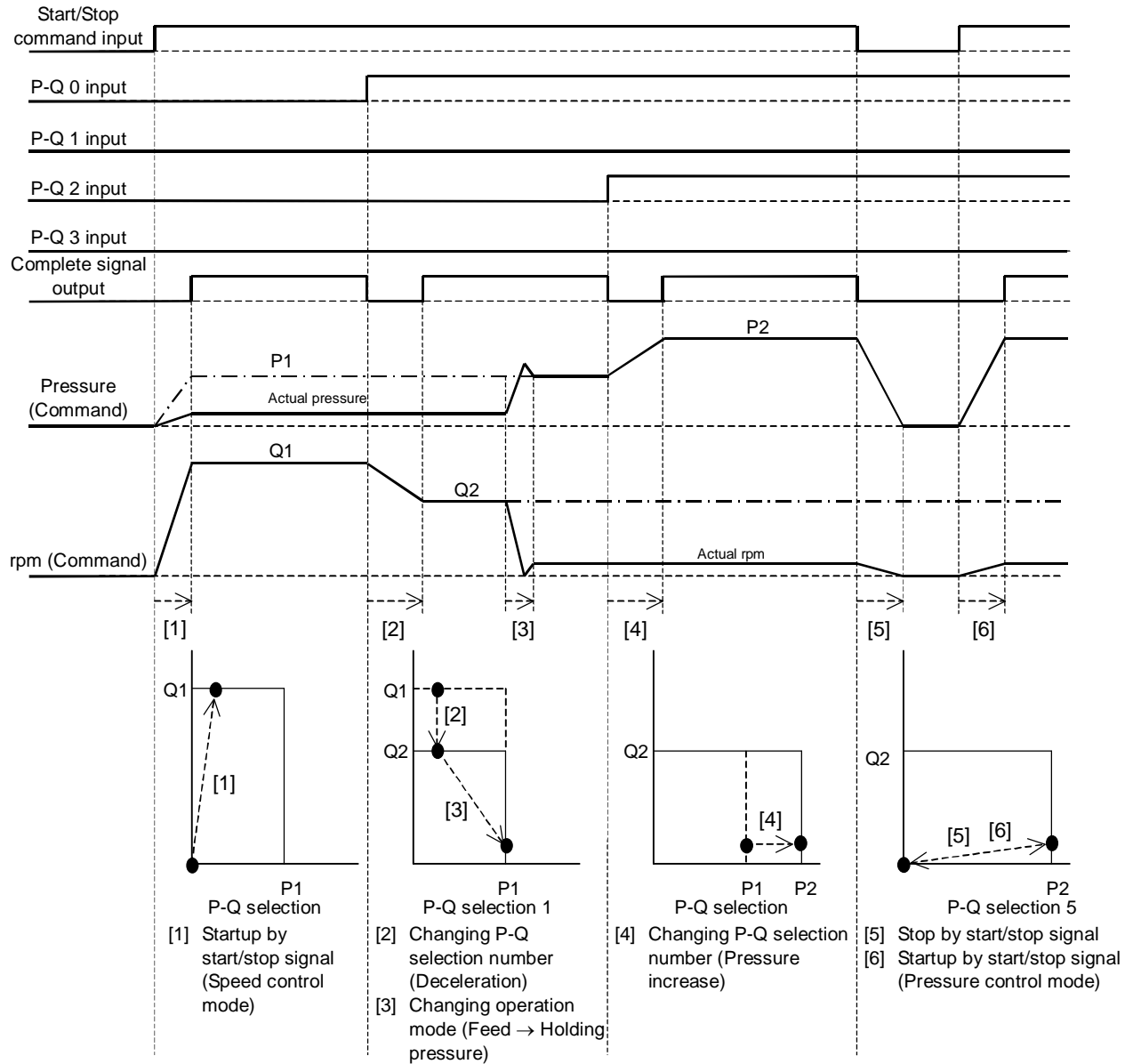
The "P01" and "P02" settings (above [1] and [2]) can be changed in the setting mode.

For the setting procedure and setting range, see "Operating procedure for each mode: b) Setting mode" on p. 32.

Note) For the purpose of explanation, the above "2-7 Alarm classification [4]" chart shows the case where the pressure switch is activated without a dead zone.

Actually, however, the pressure switch has a dead zone of approx. 0.5 MPa.

3. Contact I/O timing chart



- When the command value is being changed according to a change in P-Q selection No., the complete signal status is "Lo". When the command value does not change any more, the complete signal status is changed to "Hi".